Bureau of Materials and Physical Research

Quarterly Management Report on Research Progress

Quarter Ending June 30, 2006

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ILLINOIS CENTER FOR TRANSPORTATION

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SPECIAL STUDIES

Project Title: Superpave Bituminous Mixture II - 4.75		Today's Date: 07/14/2006					
		on Code: IHR-R06 t Number:					
QPR Author Name: Aaron Toliver	ODD Author Names Agree Taliver			Fic	rcal Ve	ear: 20	വര
Telephone: (217) 782 - 0564 % Projection	ect Completed: 35%	Estimate	ed Dates	JUL	OCT	JAN	APR
Task Title	Task Title			SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN
Task 1: Preliminary Distress Surveys	at Project Locations	5/2003	Complete 8/2003	JEI	DEC	IVIAIX	С
Task 2: Field Testing and Constructio	n Observation	8/2003	10/2000				С
Task 3: Construction Data Compilatio	n	10/2003	6/2004				С
Task 4: Yearly Distress Surveys at Pr	oject Locations - 5 Yr.	5/2004	9/2008				I
Task 5: Long Term Performance Data	Analysis	9/2004	12/2008				I
Task 6: Final Report and Recommend	dations	1/2009	4/2009				I
Task 7:		/	/				
Task 8:		/	/				
Task 9:		/	/				
Task 10:		/	/				
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Aaron Toliver telephone: (217) 782 - 0564 e-mail:Aaron.T.Toliver@illinois.gov Description of Research: Evaluate the costs, constructability and performance of SUPERPAVE Bituminous Concrete Mixture IL - 4.75 (IL - 4.75). The results of this evaluation will be used to determine if IL - 4.75 is suitable for widespread application as a level binder on non-interstate highways. The findings may be used to suggest revisions to the IL - 4.75 contract special provision, or to suggest further research, if needed. TRP Telephone: TRP Email: Meeting Dates:					iive		
Short Title & Date of Reports Available	e: End	d User(s) and	Result(s) Ex	pected	: 		

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.
For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-782-3547

Project Title: Superpave Bituminous Mixture II - 4.75	Today's Date: 07/14/2006				
	Function Code: IHR-R06				
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):					
Detailed preliminary surveys of existing pavement distresses at the four (4) test lo determine the location, severity and probable causes of existing pavement distres					
Data Collection Vehicles (DCVs) were dispatched to the test locations prior to conassessment of preliminary pavement condition, including rutting and pavement surveys by the DCVs are to occur every year of the five (5) year study period, if fu DCV data collected every two (2) years for Condition Rating Surveys will be utilized.	noothness. Follow-up inding permits; otherwise,				
Bid Tabulations were compiled for calculation of the initial construction costs.					
Construction observation and field testing were completed at the test locations, wi in-situ density and permeability, laboratory density, bituminous mix design, and ac experimental and control level binders.					
Frictional properties of the IL - 4.75 level binder were gathered at two (2) of the te consideration of IL - 4.75 as a surface mix at a future date.	st locations for				
The process of compiling the pre-construction and construction field test data is construction.	omplete.				
The third of (5) five annual distress surveys at each location will be completed in S	Summer/Fall 2006.				
The third of (5) five annual DCV "follow-up" surveys at each location will be comp	eleted in Summer/Fall 2006.				

Project Title: Te-30 High Performance	Today's Date: 06/28/2006 Function Code: IHR-R06								
Alternative Dowel Bar Materials (IL04-		n Code: IHR Number:	(-R06						
QPR Author Name: Mark Gawedzinsk			ed Dates	Fis	cal Ye	ear: 20	006		
Telephone: (217) 782 - 2799 % Proj	ect Completed: 80%	Estimate	ed Dates	JUL	OCT	JAN	APR		
Task Title		Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN		
Task 1: Monitor traffic and FWD data	from five test sites	07/1996	/	I	I	I	Ī		
Task 2: Perform initial FWD testing or	i fifth test site.	04/2005	10/2005	ı	ı	С	С		
Task 3: Install round FRP dowel bars	at fifth test site	08/2005	10/2005	I	I	С	С		
Task 4: Install traffic classification sys	tem at fifth site.	10/2004	06/2006	I	I	I	С		
Task 5:		/	/						
Task 6:		/	/						
Task 7:		/	/						
Task 8:		/	/						
Task 9:		/	/						
Task 10:		/	/						
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Mark Gawedzinski, P.E. telephone: (217) 782 - 2799	P. I. Organization Nan IDOT BMPR 126 E. Ash St. Springfield, IL 62704	ne/Address:	Co-In	e/Coi	_				
e-mail:gawedzinskimj@dot.il.gov e-mail: Description of Research: Continued monitoring of alternative dowel bar materials in accordance with FHWA TE-30 High Performance Rigid Pavement Program. Keywords: cond pavement, altern dowel bar, FRP tubes, Stair steel dowels, start steed tubes				lternat RP do Stainle	ive wels, ss				
Technical Review Panel Names: Short Title & Date of Reports Available		TRP Email:		Meeting Dates: / / / / / / / / / / / / pected		Minu: Avail	tes able?		
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Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-782-3547

Project Title: Evaluation Of Alternative Dowel Bar Materials (FHWA Te-30	Today's Date: / /
Program)	Function Code: IHR-R06
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):	
Monitoring traffic classification and FWD performance at four sites across Illinois. dowel bars at a fifth site (10/2004) round FRP bars (9/2005). Completed installat system at fifth site 6/06. Continue to collect FWD and traffic data from all five site.	ion of traffic classification

Project Title: Semi-Flexible (Resin Modified) Pavement			Today's Date: 06/28/2006					
				n Code: IHF				
				Number:				
QPR Author Name: Mark Gawedzinsk					Fis	ear: 20	006	
Telephone: (217) 782 - 2799 % Proj	ect Completed: 85%		Estimate	ed Dates	JUL	ОСТ	JAN	APR
Task Title			Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN
Task 1: Develop and cast Open Graded Asphalt Bricks		0	6/2004	09/2005	С			
Task 2: Develop cement grout		0	2/2005	09/2005	С			
Task 3: Test RMP samples		0	4/2005	12/2005	ı	С		
Task 4: Search for field trial.		0	9/2005	/		ı	1	1
Task 5: Develop special provision/work construct project.	k with District to	0	4/2006	/				I
Task 6:			/	/				
Task 7:			/	/				
Task 8:			/	/				
Task 9:			/	/				
Task 10:			/	/				
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Mark Gawedzinski, P.E. telephone: (217) 782 - 2799 e-mail:gawedzinskimj@dot.il.us	P. I. Organization N IDOT BMPR 126 E.	ame/A	Address:	Co-In	e/Coi	_		
Description of Research:					Keywo			
Technical Review Panel Names:	TRP Telephone: () - () - () - () - () - () - () - () -		P Email:		Meeting Dates: / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /		Minu Avail	tes able?
Short Title & Date of Reports Available	S	tate D	OT"s, loc areas pro	Result(s) Exal agencies one to aspha	for	l:	•	

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-782-3547

Project Title: Semi-Flexible (Resin Modified) Pavement	Today's Date: 04/21/2006
	Function Code: IHR-R06
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):	
Researched cement grout using polycarboxilite super-plasticizers to achieve the stwo commercially available grout systems. Obtained samples of both commercial (EucoDensit and PL-7 resin additive). Numerous sets of cement cubes have bee term strength and freeze-thaw durability. Three sets of 2 - 6 inch diameter 3 inch been tested in an Asphalt Pavement Analyzer (APA) @25,000 cycles @ 64 C dry C submerged. The samples were tested using a 100 lb. wheel load with 100 psi. a samples show any signs of degradation. One set was later subjected to steel who @ 64 C, submerged. Four inch diameter cores and 2 inch cubes survived 300 F/looking for field trials	Ily available systems In cast to evaluate short In high test samples have In the the test samples have In the test samples have In the test ing for 25,000 cycles Ill available systems
05/2006 Working with District 3 to develop a special Provision for a project east o	f Genoa, IL.

Project Title: Special Studies		Today's Date: 7/14/06						
Lighting, Sign and Signal Structure Pro	oblems (R07-1)		Function Code: IHR-R07 Project Number:					
	DE	Project	Number:	101		,	0000	
QPR Author Name: Christopher Hahir Telephone: (217) 782–0574 % Proje	ect Completed: 93%	Estimate	ed Dates	JAN	endar \	rear:	2006 OCT	
Task Title	,	Start	Complete	MAR	JUN	SEP	DEC	
Task 1: Investigate Thin Wall Aluminu	Task 1: Investigate Thin Wall Aluminum Pole Failures		12/03	С	JUN	SEF	DEC	
Task 2: Breakaway Couplings & Cast	Iron Bases	7/02	6/04	С				
Task 3: Investigate Luminaire & Pole	Vibration	7/02	12/05	С				
Task 4: Prepare Interim Reports		5/02	6/04	С				
Task 5: Investigate Stress Concentrat	ions in Handholes	1/04	12/05	С				
Task 6: Propose New Pole & Base De	esigns	6/04	6/05	I	I			
Task 7: Recommend Changes to ILDOT Std Specs		6/04	12/05	С				
Task 8: Discuss new transformer base TX DOT and FL DOT		10/04	9/05	I	I			
Task 9: Discuss and test brass breakaway couplings With TTI and other states		12/04	6/06	I	I			
Task 10:		/	/					
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Christopher Hahin, PE telephone: (217) 782 – 0574	P. I. Organization Na IL DOT Bureau of Materials Springfield, IL 62704	& Research	Co-In	e/Coi	_			
e-mail: Description of Research: Determine the and signal structures by measuring residesign, fabrication, welding and fit-up of investigate failures of aluminum, stainlibreakaway couplings, and the feasibilitiow impact toughness and electrical harman technical Review Panel Names:	sidual and live load str of telescoping, flange ess, and steel light po by of fatigue-resistant andholes.	esses originatir and other joints les & luminaire cast iron pole b	ng from s; s, ases with	Keywo lumina alumin stainle sign st	ires; fa ium; ca ss stee ructure	atigue ast iro el; sig	; n; nals;	
Mark Seppelt Jim Sterr Mike Renner Jim Schoenherr	TRP Telephone: TRP Email: Me Da				3		able?	
Short Title & Date of Reports Available	Ві	nd User(s) and ureau of Operat nvironment						

	Today's Date: 7/14/06
Lighting, Sign and Signal Structure Problems (R07-1)	Function Code: IHR-R07-1

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

Dec 2003: A meeting was held with representatives of HAPCO, a leading manufacturer of aluminum light poles, and the Bureaus and Districts concerned with recent pole failures. HAPCO described the basis for the newest AASHTO specifications on pole design. Another meeting with the contractors, vendors and suppliers was conducted to resolve the need for immediate replacement of failed poles under warranty. Their final proposal for pole replacement is to be submitted in late Jan 04 for review by the Department.

Mar 2004: A theoretical analysis confirmed the field measurements of 4-5 g forces sustained by luminaires on the LeClaire Bridge. Trucks passing at 55 mph or more create a localized pulse of 8-10 ms duration, resulting in both deck and pole deflection. Using the approximation of deck and pole deflection angle through the rigid parapet, g-forces were correlated to be a direct function of truck weight, speed and luminaire height.

Jun 2004: A final draft report regarding the luminaire failures on the I-80 Le Claire Bridge was completed, and reviewed by various officials in the Bureaus of Materials & Physical Research, Design & Environment, and Bridges and Structures. The final report was revised, and included virtually all of the reviewer's comments. Final printed report scheduled for release to Districts 2 and 4 in August, 2004.

Sep 2004: Final report submitted to District 2 regarding the I-80 luminaire failures. Recommendations included: 5g fixture is a minimum; shorten poles to 27.5 ft high; use galvanized steel poles which have better damping capacity; consider use of shaded parapet lighting; coat the pavement decking with masonry coatings with higher reflectivity. Sources of high-g lighting were also explored. A pooled fund proposal was placed on the Internet to solicit assistance from other states with similar luminaire vibration problems.

Dec 2004: Reviewed proposal of manufacturer (sent from BDE) to changes of hand hole geometry, including: full penetration welds, thicker casting, and grinding of weld profile. Would slightly increase fatigue category, but high stress concentration at hole in pole would still be excessive at high wind speeds.

Mar 2005: Reviewed proposal of University of Illinois Dept of Civil Engineering regarding cyclic testing of aluminum, steel and fiber composite 40 ft light poles to determine amplitude, frequency and damping effects.

June 2005: Extensive changes to Article 1069 of Illinois Standard Specifications were submitted to the Bureau of Design regarding materials and light pole & tower design. Deflection limits in high mast poles and hand hole stress concentrations were subject to in-depth analysis. Report of results expected in next quarter.

Sep 2005: Single piece lighting pole design, consisting of a telescoping cast base, with handhole, then welded to the tapered pole, was discussed with D&E Electrical Unit. Design has fewer sites for fatigue or overload from high winds. I-80 luminaire vibration study published. Awaiting report of vibration studies of aluminum, steel and fiberglass poles from the University of Illinois.

Dec 2005: Final draft report received from the Univ of IL regarding pole vibration studies. Feedback received from pole manufacturers regarding proposed changes to IL Standard Specifications; extensive changes to be placed in Special Provision form.

Mar 2006: Draft report of Univ of IL was reviewed, and its deficiencies were provided to the Bureau of Design. Discussions of drop-weight impact testing of individual couplings were conducted with MPM Technologies regarding energy absorption of free-cutting brass breakaway couplings. Coupling design was completed and materials were received. A test of the Hapco vibration-resistant pole for the I-80 bridge at Le Claire was discussed with WJE, Inc., a testing firm from Oak Brook, IL. Test was scheduled for the 4th Quarter of FY 2006.

Jun 2006: WJE provided a quotation of \$22,000 to instrument and record g-forces on a HAPCO pole design which supposedly attenuates vibration for the I-80 Le Claire Bridge. The free-cutting brass hexagon breakaway coupling design was fabricated & machined. Costs of drop-weight testing the couplings for impact energy absorption were solicited from MPM Technologies, Taylor Devices, and Staveley Services.

Project Title: Evaluation Of A Fiber Reinforced Polymer (Frp)			Today's Date: 7/13/2006						
Composite Bridge Deck Material. Ibrc # Il98-08			Function Code: IHR-R07 Project Number:						
QPR Author Name: Tom Winkelman			Project	Number.	Fis	ral Ve	ear: 20	206	
Telephone: (217) 782 - 2940 % Proj	ect Completed: 85%		Estimate	ed Dates					
Task Title			Start	Complete	JUL	OCT	JAN	APR	
Task 1: Literature search for FRP con	nposite materials		/2000	12/2001	SEP	DEC C	MAR C	JUN C	
Task 2: Innovative feature workplan p	reparation	3	3/2000	10/2001	С	С	С	С	
Task 3: Observe bridge deck construc	ction	7	7/2001	12/2001	С	С	С	С	
Task 4: FRP material testing		1	/2002	12/2006	ı	I	I	ı	
Task 5: Bridge deck instrumentation		3	3/2003	8/2003	С	С	С	С	
Task 6: Construction report		4	/2002	9/2002	С	С	С	С	
Task 7: Performance evaluations		12	2/2001	12/2006	I	I	I	I	
Task 8: Final report		10	0/2006	6/2007					
Task 9:			/	/					
Task 10:			/	/					
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Tom Winkelman telephone: (217) 782 - 2940	P. I. Organization N Illinois DOT - BM & 126 East Ash Stree Springfield IL 6270	PR et	ddress:	Nam	nvest e/Col	_			
e-mail:winkelmantj@dot.il.gov e-mail: Description of Research: This research will involve evaluating the construction and field performance of a fiber reinforced polymer (FRP) composite bridge deck material. Literature searches on composite materials and their related material and physical properties. Observation of the construction process and field evaluation of the completed bridge deck. Laboratory testing of samples from the composite material. A construction report and final report will be written to document the performance of this experimental material.									
Technical Review Panel Names: Short Title & Date of Reports Available	II N	End Use DOT - E	BBŚ, LR 8	Result(s) E & S, District smaller brid	s		Minu Avail		

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-557-6038.

Project Title: Evaluation Of A Fiber Reinforced Polymer (Frp) Composite Bridge Today's Date: 7/13/2006

Deck Function Code: IHR-R07

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

2004 1st Quarter

Color, gloss, and hardness tests were completed on the remaining material samples. Compression, tensile, and flexural strengths along with resin content and water absorption will be completed in the second quarter.

2004 2nd Quarter

Resin content and water absorption tests were completed. Compression, tensile, and flexural strength tests were delayed due to scheduling and availability of the laboratories.

2004 3rd Quarter

No activity.

2004 4th Quarter

An annual performance survey was completed in December, and the annual reporting form was submitted to the FHWA. All material tests for this year were completed.

2005 1st Quarter

Color, gloss, and hardness tests were completed on the remaining material samples. Compression, tensile, and flexural strengths along with resin content and water absorption will be completed in the second quarter.

2005 2nd Quarter

Resin content and water absorption tests were completed during this quarter.

2005 3rd Quarter

No activity.

2005 4th Quarter

The annual performance distress survey was completed, and the necessary reporting forms completed. Areas of distress and split joints were found on the underside of the FRP bridge deck at some of the manufactured joints. The compression, flexural, and tension testing was completed as the test machines in the laboratories are operational again.

2006 1st Quarter

No activity.

2006 2nd Quarter

The color, gloss, hardness, resin content, and water absorption tests were completed on the last set of material samples. Samples were also prepared for the compression, tension, and flexural strength tests.

Project Title: Hot Mix Asphalt Longitudinal Joint Sealants			Today's Date: 7/13/2006						
(IL03-04)		Function Code: IHR-R07 Project Number:							
QPR Author Name: Tom Winkelman				Fis	006				
Telephone: (217) 782 - 2940 % Proje	ect Completed: 50%	Estimate	ed Dates	JUL	ОСТ	JAN	APR		
Task Title		Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN		
Task 1: Literature Search of Product U	Jse and Experience	5/2003	6/2004	С	С	С	С		
Task 2: Project Construction		8/2003	10/2003	С	С	С	С		
Task 3: Construction Report		1/2004	6/2004	С	С	С	С		
Task 4: Project Evaluations		10/2003	10/2008	ı	ı	I	ı		
Task 5: Interim Report		1/2007	6/2007						
Task 6: Final Report		10/2008	6/2009						
Task 7:		/	/						
Task 8:		/	/						
Task 9:		/	/						
Task 10:		/	/						
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Tom Winkelman telephone: (217) 782 - 2940 e-mail:winkelmantj@dot.il.gov Description of Research: The goal of this research is to evaluate the performance of two longitudinal joint sealants for hot mix asphalt pavements. The two products under evaluation are "J-Band" from Heritage Research Group and "Quik-Seam" from Hendy Products, Inc Documentation of the construction procedures and performance measures including density at the joint and permeability will be evaluated. Annual performance checks will be used to monitor the performance of the two materials. Technical Review Panel Names: David Lippert Jim Trepanier P. I. Organization Name/Address: Illinois DOT Bureau of Materials and Research 126 E. Ash Springfield IL 62704 Co-Investigator Name/Contact: Laura Shanley telephone: (217) 524 - 7269 e-mail:shanleyll@dot.il.gov Keywords: Hot Mix Asphalt, Longitudinal Joints, Sealants, J-Band, Quik-Seam, Density, Permeability TRP Telephone: (217) 782 - 2631 Dates: Available?									
Tom Winkelman Short Title & Date of Reports Available	(217) 782 - 2940 () - () - () - Enc	d User(s) and	Result(s) Ex	/ / / / / / / / pected	l:				

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-557-6038.

Project Title: Hot Mix Asphalt Longitudinal Joint Sealants

Today's Date: 7/13/2006

Function Code: IHR-R07

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

2003 2nd Quarter

Research has just been initiated. Project has been selected on IL Rt. 26 in Stephenson County.

2003 3rd Quarter

Three official projects have been selected and constructed as part of the research. The first project is located on Illinois Route 50 (Cicero Avenue) in District 1. The second project is located on Illinois Route 26 in District 2, and the third is located on Interstate 57 in District 1. All three projects were constructed during the third quarter. The first two projects incorporated both types of joint sealant, while the third project only used the J-Band material. All three projects were tested for field permeability at the joint, and were cored for laboratory testing.

2003 4th Quarter

A fourth project was constructed on Interstate 70 during the third quarter and added to the research. This project used only the J-Band material. Laboratory testing and some initial work on the construction report were also completed during this quarter.

2004 1st Quarter

Work on the construction report has continued. Field evaluations of the projects will be conducted this summer.

2004 2nd Quarter

A field evaluation of the project on IL Rt. 26 north of Freeport was completed in May. No significant comparison results were found at this project.

2004 3rd Quarter

Field evaluations were completed for the experimental projects constructed on Interstate 70 near Martinsville, Interstate 57 near Peotone, and Illinois Route 50 near Matteson. No significant comparison results were found on any of the projects. A construction report documenting all four experimental projects was completed.

2004 4th Quarter

No activity to report.

2005 1st Quarter

No activity.

2005 2nd Quarter

Field evaluations were completed for the experimental projects constructed on Illinois Route 26, Illinois Route 50, and Interstate 57. Some parallel centerline cracking was noted in the J-Band section of Illinois Route 26. No significant comparison results were found on the remaining projects.

2005 3rd Quarter

No activity to report.

2005 4th Quarter

A field evaluation was completed for the experimental project on Interstate 70. No joint distress was found.

2006 1st Quarter

No activity to report.

2006 2nd Quarter

No activity to report. Field evaluations will be completed during the third quarter of calendar year 2006.

Project Title: Hot Mix Asphalt Open Graded Resurfacing Layer											
(II98-02)				n Code: II	HR-RO	7					
QPR Author Name: Thomas Winkelm	an	1	Project Number:			Fiscal Year: 2006					
Telephone: (217) 782 - 2940 % Proj			Estimate	ed Dates	<u> </u>						
Task Title			Start	Complet	e s	JL ≣P	OCT DEC	JAN MAR	APR JUN		
Task 1: Project Construction			/1998	/1998	<u> </u>	С	С	С	С		
Task 2: Annual Inspections		7	7/1998	7/2010		l	I	I	I		
Task 3: Pavement Coring & Material	Testing	7	7/2006	12/2006	6						
Task 4: Final Report		7	7/2010	12/2010)						
Task 5:			/	/							
Task 6:			/	/							
Task 7:			/	/							
Task 8:			/	/							
Task 9:			/	/							
Task 10:			/	/							
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Thomas Winkelman telephone: (217) 782 - 2940	P. I. Organization Name/Address: Illinois DOT Bureau of Materials and Research 126 E. Ash St. Springfield IL 62704 Co-Investigator Name/Contact: telephone: () -										
Description of Research: An asphalt crack relief layer or open graded resurfacing layer was used to mitigate reflective cracking from appearing on the surface of new overlays. This layer separates the existing deteriorated PCC pavement from the new overlay. The open graded nature of this layer will also be advantageous for draining excess water out of the pavement structure. Cores will be taken and material tests performed towards the end of the overlays life cycle to determine the effectiveness of the open graded layer.											
Technical Review Panel Names: Short Title & Date of Reports Available	TRP Telephone: (Email:	Result(s) I	Mee Date / / / / / / / / / / / / Expec	es:		Minut Availa			
				. ,							

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.
For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-782-3547

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page): 2006 2 nd Quarter No activity to report.
2006 2 nd Quarter
2006 2 nd Quarter No activity to report.
No activity to report.
I

Droingt Title. Engineering and Techn	inal lavontinations		Tadayila	Doto: 7/4.4/	00			
Project Title: Engineering and Technical Investigations			Today's Date: 7/14/06					
Welded Notch Toughness Test (R09-1)		Function Code: IHR-R09					
ODD Author Norse Christoph on Hobin	DE		Project Number: ITF		TRC FY 2006 Calendar Year: 2006			
QPR Author Name: Christopher Hahir			Estimate	ed Dates	Cale	ndar 1	rear:	2006
Telephone: (217) 782- 0574 % Proje	ect Completed: 90%	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	0 1.	JAN	APR	JUL	OCT
Task Title		_	Start	Complete	MAR	JUN	SEP	DEC
Task 1: Apply welded notch test to hig	h performance stee	ls	1/01	6/02	С			
Task 2: Apply welded notch test to oth ferrous metals	ner steels and non-		6/02	9/06	1	I		
Task 3: Write technical manual for fab researchers for use of test	ricators &		1/02	12/06	1	I		
Task 4: Publish findings in ASM, AWS journals	and other technical	I	2/03	3/06	С			
Task 5: Propose test for inclusion into AWS code	ILDOT specs and		7/03	6/07	ı	ı		
Task 6:			/	/				
Task 7:			/	/				
Task 8:			/	/				
Task 9:			/	/				
Task 10:			/	/				
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Christopher Hahin, PE telephone: (217) 782 – 0574 e-mail: Description of Research: The welded notch toughness test determines the actual toughness of a welded joint by joining two beveled base plates with a small land area (4 mm typical) of similar or dissimilar metals. When welded together in a rigid fixture, they form a natural, sharp notch. Welding conditions can be controlled to measure the effects of voltage, amperage, travel speed, electrodes, different welding processes or various combinations of base metals. Beveling 30 deg on each plate results in a 60° included angle, providing a CVN-style weld joint; or, if one plate has a 45° bevel and the other is square-cut, the toughness of the HAZ can be found. Test fixture is portable, and provides high shrinkage restraint for welded plates. Technical Review Panel Names: TRP Telephone: TRP Email: Meeting Minutes								
Comparison of the content of the c					able?			

Project Title: Engineering and Technical Investigations	Today's Date: 7/14/06
Welded Notch Toughness Test (R09-1)	Function Code: IHR-R11

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

Dec 2002: Welded notch toughness testing of Duracorr (ASTM A1010 stainless steel) and ER309L weldments at 30 kJ/in heat input with 60° V-grooves and 4 mm land area notches show a uniform ASTM E23 Charpy style V-notch toughness of 60 ± 3 ft-lbs in the temperature range of -10° F to $+70^{\circ}$ F. Weld metal impact was also 60 ft-lbs at 0° F, which is obtained by notching the machined, flat weld bead and impacting the natural notch side by the striker tup. This uniformity of CVN toughness at 60 ft-lbs in the range of -10° F to $+70^{\circ}$ F indicates that this weldment is still at the upper shelf of the sigmoidally-shaped energy absorption curve.

Mar 2003: The welded notch and HAZ notch toughness tests were included in Special Provisions specified for the IL83 & US 45 Bridge over the Wisconsin Central RR to determine the effects of substituting materials, or changing certain essential variables, on the toughness of weldments of ASTM A710 Grade B high performance steel. Essential variables described in Section 5 of the AWS D1.5 Bridge Welding Code include: (a) changes in filler metals; (b) sizes of electrodes or their classification; (c) changes in polarity, heat input or gas shielding [e.g., change from CO₂ to argon-oxygen cover gases], and (d) preheat temperatures.

June 2003: Work on this project delayed due to higher priority efforts in D-1 and D-8.

Sep 2003: Work on this project delayed due to higher priority efforts in D-1, D-2, D-4 and D-8.

Dec 2003: Work on this project delayed due to higher priority efforts for D-1, D-2, D-4, D-8 and the Bureau of Design & Environment.

Mar 2004: An abstract was forwarded to ASM International's Fabricated Structural Steel Symposium, to be presented in October 2004, outlining the use of the welded notch toughness in determining the toughness of weldments of A710 Grade B for use in general structural work.

Jun 2004: Abstract previously submitted was accepted by ASM International, and presentation of the topic was scheduled for delivery at the ASM International Materials Conference in Columbus, OH in October 2004. Work on an article regarding welding of ASTM A710 Grade B was started, intended for submission to the journal Advanced Materials and Processes.

Sep 2004: A technical paper was submitted and accepted for inclusion in the ASM International Conference on Fabricability of High Performance (HP) Steels in Columbus, OH, entitled "Welded Notch Toughness Testing of ASTM A710 Grade B HP Steel". The paper is scheduled to be published in the November issue of Advanced Materials and Processes.

Dec 2004: Publication delayed until Feb 2005 by ASM International. Sent graphic of cable-stay Mississippi Bridge in St. Louis to journal editor per her request; bridge to use HP steels.

Mar 2005: Article, "Welded-Notch Toughness Testing", authored by principal investigator, published in February, 2005 issue of *Advanced Materials & Processes*, pp-49-52, in the "Tech Spotlight" section.

June 2005: An invited presentation was given at the Univ of Illinois Civil Engineering Seminar Series regarding the use of the welded notch toughness in qualifying weldments for ASTM A710 Grade B high performance steel.

Sep 2005: Discussed with Bureau of Bridges & Structures inclusion of welded notch toughness test into Standard Specifications as a supplemental test to standard AWS tests.

Dec 2005: Work on this project delayed due to higher priority efforts in D-1.

Mar 2006: Work on this project delayed due to higher priority efforts in D-1, D-9, D-2 and D&E.

Jun 2006: Work on this project delayed due to higher priority efforts in D-1, D-9, Operations and D&E.

Development of a Tough Alloy Structural Steel (R09-1) Function Code: IHR-R16 Project Number: Project Number: Start Project Number: Start Start Complete Start Complete Start Complete Start Complete Start Start Complete Start	Project Title: Engineering and Techn	Today's Date: 7/14/06							
Calendar Year: 2006 Telephone: (217) 782 - 0574 % Project Completed: 93% Estimated Dates Task Title	Development of a Tough Alloy Structural Steel (R09-1)								
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Task 2: Investigate use in bridges, sign & signal structures; rebars Task 3: Propose new ASTM or AASHTO specifications for use of alloy Task 4: Prepare tech data document for applicability of use of alloy Task 4: Prepare tech data document for applicability of ASTM A710 Grade B Task 5: Machinability studies of high performance steels 9/03 12/05 1 1 Task 6: Determine temperature range for heat straightening for A710 Grade B Task 7: / / /			Start	Complete	MAR	JUN	SEP	DEC	
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Task 9: Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Co-Investigator Name/Contact: Corristopher Hahin, PE telephone: (217) 782 – 0574 telephone: (318) 782 telephone: (31			/	/					
Task 10: Principal Investigator Name/Contact: DOT Bureau of Materials & Research Springfield, IL 62704 Co-Investigator Name/Contact:	Task 8:		/	/					
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Christopher Hahin, PE telephone: (217) 782 – 0574 e-mail: Description of Research: Using an earlier high performance (HP) steel developed by Northwestern Univ. on behalf of FHWA and US Navy, its composition was modified by BMPR and ASTM Committee A01.02. This HP steel has 0.03-0.9% C, with 1.3% Cu, 1.0% Ni, 0.7% Mn and 0.4% Si. Its toughness is typically 100 ft-lbs or more at sub-freezing temperatures. The alloy represents a major development in hot-rolled HP steels, not require quenching & tempering or other thermo-mechanical processing. Normalizing may be specified for very high toughness. The cost/ton is directly competitive with conventional weathering steel (ASTM A588). Application into various bridges and other structures requires further exploration. Technical Review Panel Names: TRP Telephone:	Task 9:		/	/					
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Christopher Hahin, PE telephone: (217) 782 – 0574 e-mail: Description of Research: Using an earlier high performance (HP) steel developed by Northwestern Univ. on behalf of FHWA and US Navy, its composition was modified by BMPR and ASTM Committee A01.02. This HP steel has 0.0309% C, with 1.3% Cu, 1.0% Ni, 0.7% Mn and 0.4% Si. Its toughness is typically 100 ft-lbs or more at sub-freezing temperatures. The alloy represents a major development in hor-rolled HP steels, not require quenching & tempering or other thermo-mechanical processing. Normalizing may be specified for very high toughness. The cost/ton is directly competitive with conventional weathering steel (ASTM A588). Application into various bridges and other structures requires further exploration. Technical Review Panel Names: TRP Telephone: () - () - () / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	Task 10:		/	/					
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Name/Contact: Christopher Hahin, PE telephone: (217) 782 – 0574 e-mail: Description of Research: Using an earlier high performance (HP) steel developed by Northwestern Univ. on behalf of FHWA and US Navy, its composition was modified by BMPR and ASTM Committee A01.02. This HP steel has 0.0309% C, with 1.3% Cu, 1.0% Ni, 0.7% Mn and 0.4% Si. Its toughness is typically 100 ft-lbs or more at sub-freezing temperatures. The alloy represents a major development in hot-rolled HP steels, not require quenching & tempering or other thermo-mechanical processing. Normalizing may be specified for very high toughness. The cost/ton is directly competitive with conventional weathering steel (ASTM A588). Application into various bridges and other structures requires further exploration. Technical Review Panel Names: TRP Telephone: () - ()	Principal Investigator	_		Co-Ir	ivest	igate	or		
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telephone: (217) 782 – 0574 e-mail: Description of Research: Using an earlier high performance (HP) steel developed by Northwestern Univ. on behalf of FHWA and US Navy, its composition was modified by BMPR and ASTM Committee A01.02. This HP steel has 0.0309% C, with 1.3% Cu, 1.0% Ni, 0.7% Mn and 0.4% Si. Its toughness is typically 100 ft-lbs or more at sub-freezing temperatures. The alloy represents a major development in hot-rolled HP steels, not require quenching & tempering or other thermo-mechanical processing. Normalizing may be specified for very high toughness. The cost/ton is directly competitive with conventional weathering steel (ASTM A588). Application into various bridges and other structures requires further exploration. Technical Review Panel Names: TRP Telephone: () - ()	Christopher Hahin, PE	Opinighcia, iL 02704							
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Solutions Conference, 7-9 Oct 02, Columbus, OH	"High Performance Copper-Precipitation	() - () - () - () - () - () - () -	nd User(s) and Ireaus of Bridg		Dates:	<u> </u>	Avaii		
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Project Title: Development of a Tough Alloy Structural Steel	Today's Date: 7/14/06
	Function Code: IHR-R16

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

Mar 2004: Face milling studies of A710 and A709 high performance steels indicate a surprisingly superior finish with high performance steels vs. A36 when using a fly-cutter with carbide insert. Surfaces are equivalent to ground finishes. Roughness on A36 was expected compared its free-machining counterpart SAE 12L14 due to its greater number of laminated particles of carbide and ferrite (pearlite). Since both A709 and A710 have substantially lower carbon (0.08-0.10%C), it is thought that their more uniformly harder matrix makes the milled surface much smoother. In these steels, the fly cutter does not abruptly run into hard pearlite clusters, and then a softer ferrite, as in A36. For carbon steels with 0.20-0.40 %C, this results in a peak-and-valley cut. Also, the ductility of the chip in A36 also does not lend itself to an even surface cut. The results for A710 and A709 indicate that fly-cut milling virtually eliminates the need for grinding in most structural work; resulting in a significant cost savings.

Jun 2004: Machining Research has completed all the work on end milling of HP steels, including A710 Grade B, using high speed steel bits. Progress on end milling using carbide bits is proceeding, and a report is to be made available on end milling in July, 2004. Various standard and special drills are being acquired to complete the last phase of the experimental portion of this project.

Sep 2004: Machining Research provided a comprehensive report on the milling phase of the high performance (HP) steel machinability study. Compared to A36, A710 HP and A709 HP steels had better milled surfaces, and cutting them resulted in less wear on end mills, improving their life and cutting time. These improvements are attributed to the limited amount of iron carbide and more uniform distribution of hardness compared to conventional A36 structural steel.

Dec 2004: Progress is continuing on comparative studies of drilling of HP steels, based on twist and core drill wear. Estimated completion, late March or early April 2005.

Mar 2005: Industrial Steel of Gary, IN, selected as the fabricator for the IL-83 bridge over the CNRR. Inquiry as to whether heat straightening could be used to increase camber. Since no data is available as to effects of precipitation-hardening of this alloy on toughness, 700F was recommended as highest permissible temperature. Study to determine temperature effects contemplated. Principal investigator from Machining Research reports severe illness; no progress on drilling to date.

Jun 2005: Machining Research has acquired hollow point Hougen drills for high performance steel drilling study; principal investigator reports partial recovery from illness. Toughness tests conducted by Northwestern Univ indicate that heat straightening of A710 Grade B up to 1200F did not affect notch toughness, but will increase yield & tensile strength, and a small decrease in ductility.

Sep 2005: Drilling tests still in progress at Machining Research. Toughness tests at 70F at BMPR of A710 Grade B subjected to 1 hr of exposure at 900F, 1000F, and 1050F showed only an 8% loss of the as-received average CVN toughness of 168 ft-lbs.

Dec 2005: No progress reported from Machining Research. Telephone and fax inquiries were sent on 1/17/06 to determine whether the principal investigator can perform work, or have one of his associates complete the remainder of the drilling studies. Offers to help in completing final report were also made.

Mar 2006: A joint technical article, authored by C. Hahin, PI of this work unit, S. Vaynman and M. Fine of Northwestern Univ, and C. Crosby of Industrial Steel Corp., was submitted to *Modern Steel Construction* regarding the use of A710 Grade B in the IL-83 Bridge over the CNRR, and was accepted for publication. Editor has requested more photographs for the article.

Jun 2006: Machining Research reports that cutting wear on hollow HSS core drills (made by Hougen) using hand feed is significantly less for A710 Grade B than for A36 or A709 HPS70W steels.

Project Title: Shrp Products Evaluation	Today's Date: 7/13/2006							
			Function Code: IHR-R19 Project Number:					
QPR Author Name: Tom Winkelman				Fiscal Year:				
Telephone: (217) 782 - 2940 % Projection	ect Completed: 80%	Estimate	ed Dates	JUL	OCT	JAN	APR	
Task Title	<u> </u>	Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN	
Task 1: Attend National and Local SH	RP/LTPP meetings	1/1990	12/2009	I	I	I	I	
Task 2: Maintenance of LTPP test sec	ctions within Illinois	1/1990	12/2009	ı	ı	ı	I	
Task 3: Performance testing of LTPP Illinois	test sections within	1/1990	12/2009	I	I	I	ı	
Task 4:		/	/					
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Task 7:		/	/					
Task 8:		/	/					
Task 9:		/	/					
Task 10:		/	/					
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Tom Winkelman telephone: (217) 782 - 2940	P. I. Organization Name/Address: Illinois DOT - BM & PR 126 East Ash Street Springfield IL 62704 Co-Investigato Name/Contact: telephone: ()							
e-mail: winkelmantj@dot.il.gov e-mail: Description of Research: The objective of this study is to evaluate those Strategic Highway Research Program (SHRP) products that have been identified as having potential of being a benefit to the department. The primary benefit of this study will be the identification and implementation of those SHRP products that will be cost effective to the department resulting in cost-savings, increased service life, and/or safety improvements.								
Technical Review Panel Names: David L. Lippert	TRP Telephone: (Minut Availa	tes able?	
Short Title & Date of Reports Available	Pe Ma	ed User(s) and erformance Da anuals of Prac ew Procedures	ta tice	pected	l:			

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-557-6038.

Project Title: Shrp Products Evaluation And Ltpp Support	Today's Date: 7/13/2006
	Function Code: IHR-R19

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

2004 1st Quarter

Laboratory testing was completed for cores taken from Test Sections 175151, 179267, 175849, and 175423. Test results were reported to Stantec in February. Stantec performed a final round of testing for Test Section 175908 on Illinois Route 13 in District 9 as this section will be dropped from the program this summer.

2004 2nd Quarter

Traffic control was established for annual testing at 6 test section locations. Construction was started and completed for the new WIM Scale on Interstate 57 at the SPS-6 site in Pesotum.

2004 3rd Quarter

Traffic control was established for annual testing at 3 test section locations. The I-57 WIM scale was ground for smoothness, and the pavement profile was checked. The annual Illinois update meeting was held on August 27.

2004 4th Quarter

International Road Dynamics was selected as the contractor to install the I-57 WIM scale.

2005 1st Quarter

An on-site meeting was held with IRD to review the selected WIM installation site. Work has progressed on the necessary items needed to complete the installation. A letter was sent to each of the Districts with an LTPP site asking for future rehabilitation plans and asking them to update the BMPR with any maintenance activities to the sites. An LTPP project update presentation was made at the Pavement Engineers meeting.

2005 2nd Quarter

Work progressed on the requirements and scheduling of the WIM installation on Interstate 57 at Pesotum. A meeting was held with the RSC to coordinate the materials action plan for sampling of the SPS-6 site on Interstate 57. This sampling was postponed until summer 2006.

2005 3rd Quarter

The WIM installation and calibration was completed in late July through early September. Traffic control was coordinated for the RSC at the SPS-6 site as well as sites in District 4 and 2.

2005 4th Quarter

No activity to report.

2006 1st Quarter

Maintenance activities were recorded for the SPS-6 sections on Interstate 57 near Champaign. The coring and data collection activities for the SPS-6 Materials Action Plan were scheduled for April.

2006 2nd Quarter

The SPS-6 Materials Action Plan was completed in April.

Project Title: Integral Abutment Bridge	Toda	Today's Date: 7/14/06						
	_	Func	Function Code: IHR-R20					
		Proje	ct Number: IT	-		2006		
QPR Author Names: Christopher Hahi		Estim	ated Dates	Cale	ndar \	Year:	2006	
. , ,	Telephone: (217) 782-0574 % Project Completed: 79%			JAN	APR	JUL	OCT	
Task Title	Paulanana	Start	Complete	MAR	JUN	SEP	DEC	
Task 1: Attach gages on piles, decks, and girders		7/00	6/02	С				
Task 2: Collect strain gage & tilt senso		7/01	12/02	С				
Task 3: Propose and investigate impro and details	oved geometry	1/02	9/03	С				
Task 4: Prepare Interim Reports		5/02	3/06	ı	I			
Task 5: Cyclic yielding of embedded su	ubsize piles	10/02	7/04	С				
Task 6: Recommend Changes to ILDC	T Design Specs	12/02	6/07	1	I			
Task 7: Select candidate experimenta	l bridge	7/05	9/06	ı	ı			
Task 8:		/	/					
Task 9:	Task 9:		/					
Task 10:		/	/					
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Christopher Hahin, PE telephone: (217) 782 – 0574 e-mail: Description of Research: In an integral abutment bridge, thermal expansion and contraction is absorbed by the piles supporting the abutment instead of expansion joints. In this project, integral abutments are instrumented with strain gages installed on the piles of various bridges at locations throughout Illinois at 8 different depths to observe the stresses induced by expansion and contraction. Other gages were mounted in the deck, on girders, and at the interface between the abutment and abutment diaphram where gages are installed on the vertical reinforcement bars. Additional study will include improvement of present designs to decrease cyclic stresses sustained by pilings and abutment diaphragm. Technical Review Panel Names: Kevin Reichers David Greifzu Ralph Anderson P. I. Organization Name/Address: IL DOT Name/Contact: Co-Investigator Name/Contact: Keywords: integral abutments; strain gages installed abutments at 8 different depths to observe the abutment and abutment and abutment diaphram where gages are installed on the vertical reinforcement bars. Additional study will include improvement of present designs to decrease cyclic stresses sustained by pilings and abutment diaphragm. TRP Telephone: TRP Email: Meeting Dates: Available of the provided of the provid								
Short Title & Date of Reports Available			nd Result(s) E dges & Structi		l:			

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen. For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-557-6038.

Project Title: Integral Abutment Bridges	Today's Date: 7/14/06
	Function Code: IHR-R20

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

Sep 2002: Discussions with personnel from the Bureau of Bridges & Structures (BBS) indicated their desire to have the bridge approach slab connected to the abutment. Because of our concerns about contraction during cold weather, there should be an ability for the slab to remain connected, but provide expansion with lubricated dowels or other types of connectors. Pile behavior in various soils and their unpredictability have caused concern as to undetected cracking of pile caps, since they are not visible for inspection. Discussions were conducted about embedding small I-beams in concrete blocks of 8 cu ft, and cycling them to slightly beyond their yield strength. This would reveal how cracking spreads in the concrete. Further discussions were held with Kevin Reichers and Salah Khayyat of BBS regarding our proposals to separate the pile cap from the beam end cap with lubricated plates of austenitic stainless steel (AISI Types 304 or 316), permitting very substantial movements without creating any yielding phenomena in the pile cap.

Dec 2002: Preliminary outline developed for interim report. Construction and testing of small beam embedded in rigid concrete blocks delayed until Spring 2003.

Mar 2003: Work commenced on the interim report, summarizing the various characteristics of each site, outputs of strain gages at certain times of the year, and daily fluctuations. Test results indicate that behavior of the pile is dependent on the soil pressures of the subsoil horizons, and is not always a cantilever-shaped deformation with a point of fixity at a particular depth. In the Tennessee design, select backfill is used to obain a more uniform deformation, although they reported yielding at the pile end cap.

Jun 2003: An interim draft report summarizing previous work has been prepared, and is presently undergoing review and revision. Completed draft for final peer review scheduled for Sep 2003.

Sep 2003: Work on this project delayed due to higher priority efforts in D-1, D-2, D-4 and D-8.

Dec 2003: Work delayed due to transfer of associate investigator Volkman to D-8.

Mar 2004: Work delayed due to higher priority Departmental work.

Jun 2004: Work delayed due to higher priority Departmental work.

Oct 2004: Work delayed due to higher priority Departmental work. Proposed semi-integral design should be incorporated into an Innovative Bridge project in the near future, preferably in D-8 since the previous assistant investigator transferred there. This recommendation will be incorporated into the final report to provide continuity to carry out these concepts.

Dec 2004: Work delayed due to higher priority Departmental work.

Mar 2005: Work delayed due to higher priority Departmental work.

June 2005: Inquiry made to David Greifzu of the Bureau of Bridges as to whether an integral abutment bridge design could incorporate designs recommended in this study as an experimental feature.

Sep 2005: Work delayed due to higher priority Departmental work in D-1.

Dec 2005: Work delayed due to higher priority Departmental work in D-1.

Mar 2006: After discussion with Bureau of Bridges, the choice of an experimental bridge to be coordinated with W. Kramer and K. Reichers to incorporate modifications of standard IL practices for integral bridges.

Jun 2006: No progress on this work unit due to higher priority work for D-1, Bureaus of Operations; Design.

ILLINOIS CENTER for TRANSPORTATION

Project Title: Characterization of Illinois Aggregates for			Today's Date: 06/30/2006						
Subgrade Replacement and Subbase			Function Code: R27 Project Number: R 27-1						
		<u> </u>	Project	Number: F		137	0.0	200	
QPR Author Name: Erol Tutumluer Telephone: (217) 333 - 8637 % Proje	act Completed: E9/		Estimated Dates				ear: 20		
Task Title	ect Completed. 5%		Start	Complete	JUL	OCT	JAN	APR	
Task 1: Characteristics of Illinois Aggr	agataa Haad far		Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN	
Subgrade Replacement and Subbase	egales Osed IOI		01/2006	06/2006				С	
Task 2: Development of Laboratory A	ggregate Test Matri	ix	03/2006	06/2006				С	
Task 3: ERI Atterberg Limits, Moisture Shear Strength Tests	e-Density, IBV, and	t	06/2006	12/2006				I	
Task 4: UIUC Aggregate Shape, Perr and Directional Modulus Laboratory Te		n,	06/2006	09/2007				I	
Task 5: Field Test Study and Evaluation Performances	on of Field		06/2007	12/2007				I	
Task 6: Establishing Thickness Correl Properties	ations with Aggrega	ate	09/2007	03/2008				I	
Task 7: Final Report and Implementat	ion		03/2008	06/2008				I	
Task 8:			/	/					
Task 9:			/	/					
Task 10:			/	/					
	P. I. Organization		e/Address:						
Principal Investigator	University of Illino			Co-I	nvest	igate	or		
Name/Contact:	1205 Newmark Cl 205 N. Mathews,			Nam	e/Cor	itaci	t:		
Erol Tutumluer	200 IN. Matriews,	Olbali	ia, iL 01001		A. Butt				
telephone: (217) 333 – 8637					one: (21)	7) 356	- 5945	5	
e-mail:tutumlue@uiuc.edu					ri@erikuab				
Description of Research: The overall of					Keywo			ate	
strength, stiffness, and deformation be aggregate commonly used in Illinois fo					cover;			2001	
project focus is on pavement construct	· .								
develop aggregate thickness correlation							anty,		
improve the thickness requirement cur					subgra				
Manual based on laboratory and field p				•			·		
characteristics will also be used when	determining cover t	thickne	esses.						
Technical Review Panel Names:	TRP Telephone		RP Email:		Meeting)	Minut		
Riyad M. Wahab	(217) -		Riyad.Wahab@i Bregory.Heckel@		Dates: 05/11/2	2006	Availa Yes	able?	
Gregory B. Heckel	() -		Villiam.Kramer@		05/11/2	2006	res		
William M. Kramer	() -		erry.McCleary@		', ',				
Terry L. McLeary Raymond J. Seneca			Raymond.Sened Sheila.Beshears		, ,				
Sheila A. Beshears	() -	Т	homas.Ripka@	illinois.gov	/ /				
Thomas A. Ripka	() -		dward.Frank@ rice@material-s	•	/ /				
Edward M. Frank	(´ ´) -		nice e material-s	Service.com	/ /				
Brian Rice									
Short Title & Date of Reports Available	:		User(s) and			:			
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Project Title: Characterization of IL Aggregates for Subgrade Replacement and	Today's Date: 06/30/2006				
Subbase	Function Code: R27-1				
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):					
The first Technical Review Panel (TRP) meeting was held at ATREL on May 11, the project scope and work plan. Information was gathered on the types, sources aggregates primarily used in Illinois for subgrade replacement and subbase. Accordicted to use limestone and dolomite crushed aggregates and one uncrushed goroject focus was decided to be on pavement construction working platform issue RAP/natural aggregate mixtures and benefits to long-term pavement performance this project.	, and properties of ordingly, it was primarily ravel in the study. The es. Therefore, evaluating				
The testing program was discussed and decided to focus on dense graded aggre correction factors for the determination of aggregate working platform thickness. It is specifications, CA-6 gradation often required for constructing aggregate layers as subbase was decided to be studied. An experimental test matrix was developed tests to be conducted at the Engineering Research International (ERI) and the Ur facilities. Specific tests, test procedures, and testing ranges were established in evaluating major aggregate properties to primarily influence strength, modulus, at These major properties include: [1] fines content, [2] PI or plasticity of fines, [3] she elongation), angularity and surface texture, and [4] moisture content and dry dense	Based on IDOT Standard s subgrade replacement and and finalized for laboratory niversity of Illinois ATREL the revised work plan for and deformation behavior.				
The aggregate needs and quantities of the limestone, dolomite, and uncrushed g were reported to the IDOT BMPR in late May 2006. Currently, the project investig receive the aggregate material shipment for the ERI and UIUC laboratory testing initiate.	gators are expecting to				

1		T								
Project Title: Nighttime Construction: Evaluation Of Lighting			Today's Date: 06/30/2006							
Glare For Highway Construction In Illinois			Function Code: R27							
			Project Number: R			27-2				
QPR Author Name: Khaled El-Rayes			F - 1' 1		F	scal Ye	ear: 20	006		
Telephone: (217) 265 - 0557 % Project Completed: 25%		· >	Estimated		JUL	ОСТ	JAN	APR		
Task Title			Start	Comple		DEC	MAR	JUN		
Task 1: Conduct Literature Review		0	1/2006	07/200		520	С	С		
Task 2: Develop Practical Tool to Mea	asure and Quantify	0	6/2006	2006 12/2006			ı	ı		
Glare and Light Trespass Task 3: Recommend Lighting Arrangement to Reduce			01/2007 06/2007		7		ı	ı		
Glare and Light Trespass Task 4: Conduct Field Evaluation of S	elected Lighting	0	7/2007	10/200	7		1	1		
Arrangements							ļ .			
Task 5: Make Final Recommendation	S	0	8/2007 10/2007		7		I	I		
Task 6:			/	/						
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Principal Investigator				Co-	Invoc	tiast	or			
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Principal Investigator Name/Contact:	University of Illinoi	s at UC			Inves ne/Co	_				
Name/Contact: Khaled El-Rayes	University of Illinois 205 N. Mathews A	s at UC			ne/Co	_				
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Name/Contact: Khaled El-Rayes telephone: (217) 265 - 0557 e-mail:elrayes@uiuc.edu	University of Illinoi 205 N. Mathews A Urbana, IL 61801	s at UC ve.		Nan Liang teleph e-mail:	ne/Co Liu none: (21 Iliu1@uiud	ntac 17) 333 .edu	t: 3 - 695			
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Name/Contact: Khaled El-Rayes telephone: (217) 265 - 0557 e-mail:elrayes@uiuc.edu Description of Research: Nighttime high mitigate the impact of construction oper duration of construction operations, an accidents. However, nighttime constru- hazardous for both drivers and constru- placement of lighting equipment to illury drivers and/or equipment operators. The recommending acceptable levels of gla and controlling glare in nighttime highwand controlling glare in nighttime highwan	University of Illinois 205 N. Mathews A Urbana, IL 61801 ghway construction erations on the traveled reduce the potent action operations material material eraps and developing pays construction.	is advocation and inches is advocation and inc	cated as a ablic, shorter ork zone at be more ation and cause glass on evaluation for respect to the cause glass on evaluation and details abada@doddddot.il.godot.go	Liang teleph e-mail: a way to en the e-mail: a way to enthe e	Meetir Dates 04/25	ntac 17) 333 .edu ords: r ruction .g, glard	s - 695 nighttin , highw e, light	ne /ay ing.		
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Name/Contact: Khaled El-Rayes telephone: (217) 265 - 0557 e-mail:elrayes@uiuc.edu Description of Research: Nighttime high mitigate the impact of construction operations, an accidents. However, nighttime constru- placement of lighting equipment to illuredrivers and/or equipment operators. The recommending acceptable levels of gland controlling glare in nighttime highwand to the construction operators. The recommending acceptable levels of gland controlling glare in nighttime highwand to the construction operators. The recommending acceptable levels of gland controlling glare in nighttime highwand to the construction operators. The recommending acceptable levels of gland controlling glare in nighttime highwand to the construction operators. The recommending acceptable levels of gland controlling glare in nighttime highwand to the construction operators. The recommending acceptable levels of gland controlling glare in nighttime highwand to the construction operators. The recommending acceptable levels of gland controlling glare in nighttime highwand controlling glare in night highwand controlling glare in night highwand controlling glare in night hi	University of Illinois 205 N. Mathews A Urbana, IL 61801 ghway construction erations on the trave of reduce the potent action personnel. The minate the work zonne proposed study ware and developing pay construction. TRP Telephone: () -	is advocating publication for way in factor will focus practica TRI hucks bran birch haas jungli mue school sepprinke halv	cated as a solic, shorted ork zone of the more ation and cause glades on evaluation of the cause glades on evaluation of the cause glades on evaluation of the cause glades of the cause g	Liang teleph e-mail: a way to en the re for tating and measuring t.il.gov by gov ov t.il.gov dot.il.gov il.gov hwa.dot.gov hwa.dot.gov Result(s)	Meetir Dates 04/25	ntac 17) 333 .edu ords: r ruction g, glard 2006 / / / / / / / d:	s - 695 nighttin , highw e, light	ne /ay ing.		
Name/Contact: Khaled El-Rayes telephone: (217) 265 - 0557 e-mail:elrayes@uiuc.edu Description of Research: Nighttime high mitigate the impact of construction oper duration of construction operations, an accidents. However, nighttime constru- placement of lighting equipment to illur drivers and/or equipment operators. The recommending acceptable levels of gla and controlling glare in nighttime highv Technical Review Panel Names: Huckaba, Dennis Brand, Mike Birch, Jeff Haasis, Sharon Jung, Herb Mueller, Matt Schoenherr, Jim Seppelt, Mark Staggs, Mike Short Title & Date of Reports Available Short Title & Date of Reports Available	University of Illinois 205 N. Mathews A Urbana, IL 61801 ghway construction erations on the trave and reduce the potent action personnel. The minate the work zonne proposed study ware and developing pay construction. TRP Telephone: () -	is advocabling publication for way in factor and utilization of the state of the st	cated as a solic, shorter ork zone at be more ation and cause glad as on evaluation to a cause glad as on evaluation and double as abada@do double as a consissied of the control of the c	Liang teleph e-mail: a way to en the er for uating and measuring sov by gov ov t.il.gov dot.il.gov hwa.dot.gov hwa.dot.gov Result(s)	Meetir Dates 04/25 / / / / / Expecte mendati	ntac 17) 333 .edu ords: r ruction g, glard 2006 / / / / / / / d:	s - 695 nighttin , highw e, light	ne /ay ing.		

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.
For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-782-3547

Project Title: Evaluation Of Lighting Glare For Nighttime Highway Construction	Today's Date: 06/30/2006							
	Function Code: R27-2							
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):								
A comprehensive literature review has been conducted to identify existing types of glare and its effects on drivers and construction workers during nighttime highway construction work.								
The literature review report focused on two main types of relevant glare (i.e., discomfort and disabling) and the report provided a summary of existing methods to measure and quantify each of these two types of glare. Moreover, the report explored and highlighted existing DOT standards that focus on the impact of glare and recommended measures to control it in roadway lighting.								
In addition, several site visits were conducted to study and measure glare caused lighting equipment on the construction site.	d by the utilized nighttime							

Project Title: Design And Concrete Material Requirements For Today's Date: 06/30/06									
Ultra-Thin Whitetopping			Function Code: R27						
				Number: R 27-3A					
QPR Author Name: Jeffery R. Roesler			Estimate	ed Da	tes	Fis	cal Ye	ear: 20	006
Telephone: (217) 265 - 0218 % Project Completed: 20%		%					OCT	JAN	APR
Task Title			Start	Cor	nplete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN
Task 1: University of Cincinnati Collabo			04/2006	12/2006					I
Task 2: Review existing UTW and WT	concrete mix desi	gns	04/2006	09/2006					I
Task 3: Develop and Implement Labora Program	atory Testing		04/2006	09/2006					I
Task 4: Advanced Stress Analysis of U	ITW		05/2006	12/2006					I
Task 5: UTW Guidelines			07/2006	07/	/2007				I
Task 6: Modified UTW procedure for III	inois		04/2007	12/	/2007				
Task 7: Final Report			09/2007	12/	/2007				
Task 8:			/	,	/				
Task 9:			/	/					
Task 10:			/	/					
P. I. Organization Name/Ad University of Illinois 205 N. Mathews Ave, MC-Urbana, IL, 61801 P. I. Organization Name/Ad University of Illinois 205 N. Mathews Ave, MC-Urbana, IL, 61801			Co-Investigator						
Description of Research: The objective of this research project is to provide IDOT with an UTW thickness design method and guidelines for UTW design, concrete material selection, and construction practices. Existing procedures for UTW will be reviewed in collaboration with Dr. Ioannides from UC. The specific tasks of this project are to evaluate the effects of fibers and concrete material properties on slab size and thickness requirements. Factors such as existing condition of the AC, AC thickness, interface preparation and strength, and saw-cut timing and depth will be evaluated and guidelines established.						rete,			
Technical Review Panel Names: Tom Winkelman (Chair) Kevin Burke Doug Dirks Scott Lackey David Lippert Randy Riley Short Title & Date of Reports Available:	TRP Telephone (217) 782 - 294 (217) 785 - 504 (217) 782 - 720 (217) 466 - 726 (217) 782 - 673 (217) 793 - 493 () - () -	10 kg 18 kg 163 lg 163 lg 163 lg 163 lg 163 lg 163 lg 164	burke@dot.il.go dirksda@dot.il.g ackeysa@dot.il. ippertdl@dot.il.g occman@insigh User(s) and	Imantj@dot.il.dov @dot.il.gov da@dot.il.gov ysa@dot.il.gov tdl@dot.il.gov an@insightbb.com			06	Minut Availa Yes	
UTV			OT, state agencies, consultant W design guide and concrete aterial requirements						

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-782-3547

Project Title: Design And Concrete Material Requirements For
Ultra-Thin Whitetopping

Today's Date: 06/30/06

Function Code: R27-3A

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

During the first quarter of this new project, several of the tasks listed above were started. The PI is collaborating with Dr. loannides from the University of Cincinnati, who is primarily responsible for a critical review of the existing design methods. A preliminary literature review has also been conducted by the PI to review factors affecting the performance/failure of UTW.

Concrete mixture proportions and strength data from UTW projects in the state of Illinois have been collected from TRP chair Tom Winkelman along with distress surveys from the same projects. IDOT has also identified several candidate projects (a minimum of two) that they will conduct FWD testing this summer (2006). The objective of the FWD testing is to acquire backcalculated layer moduli (concrete and asphalt) and load transfer efficiency across the thin concrete slabs joints for one UTW section with normal concrete and the other UTW section with structural fibers.

From the field concrete mixture proportions, a laboratory testing factorial has been developed based on six concrete mixture designs. These mixture designs primarily address one mechanical property, strength. UTW concrete mixture designs were selected to achieve high early strength concrete, high strength concrete, normal strength concrete, concrete with fly ash, and fiber-reinforced concrete. The laboratory testing factorial includes tensile strength, compressive strength, elastic modulus, flexural strength, drying shrinkage, fracture properties (initial and total fracture energy and critical crack tip opening displacement), and interface strength. The fracture properties are key inputs into fracture-based analysis that will determine the viability of fibers in UTW concrete mixtures and the failure modes of UTW slabs. Discrete fibers in low volume fractions do not alter the tensile strength of the concrete matrix but do affect the post-cracking strength of the material. If fibers are going to be considered, fracture properties and a model that accounts for the FRC softening behavior must be considered. This is especially critical in thin overlays were ductile behavior is much more desirable.

Preliminary testing of a composite beam (3"x3"x15" of concrete over 3"x3"x15" of AC) supported by an elastomeric pad have been completed. A normal and fiber reinforced concrete mixture has been tested over an AC specimen with and without a crack. The preliminary results of the tests showed the peak loads between normal and FRC were approximately the same. The fracture energy was 33% greater for fiber reinforced concrete when the AC layer had no cracking in it. However, the fracture energy was 200% greater for the FRC mixture when the AC layer had a crack (notch) in it. It is expected that fibers become even more beneficial to UTW designs when cracking distress levels or severity increase on the existing AC pavement.

The development of a new softening model for FRC, in an existing finite element software, to account for the behavior of UTW has begun. Several new components in this UTW model are how to handle the contribution of fibers in the concrete softening zone, modeling of the 2-D composite beam test, and finally a 3-D model composite slab model. Preliminary modeling of 3-point bending test with fibers has been completed and the new model appears to predict the measured behavior of FRC beams. A 2-D composite beam model supported by an elastic foundation is currently being developed in order to validate the preliminary laboratory results.

One task was added this quarter by the PI. The University of Illinois Division of Parking decided to build a 3.5" UTW with 4'x4' panels on one of their parking lots (E-15) on campus. The UIUC team decided to observe the construction of this UTW parking lot in June 2006. Pictures of the distressed AC parking lot were taken. Strength and fracture specimens were collected for 28-day testing in the UIUC laboratory. The concrete mixture proportions were documented which included the use of a structural synthetic fiber. The laboratory testing data will be provided to IDOT as part of this report. It may be possible to FWD test this parking lot to evaluate the effects of fibers on the joint load transfer efficiency.

Work that is anticipated this quarter will be to begin the laboratory testing phase, complete the 2-D composite beam model, and analyze the field FWD data. A meeting with the TRP members is also planned for the 1st quarter of FY2007.

Project Title: Evaluation of UTW and Whitetopping Design Today's Date:											
Procedure			Function Code: R27								
			Project	Project Number: R 2							
QPR Author Name: Anastasios M. Ioannides			Estimated Dates			Fiscal Year: 2006					
Telephone: (513) 556 - 3137 % Project Completed: 20%		%	Zotimatod Be			JUL	ОСТ	JAN	APR		
Task Title			Start	C	omplete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN		
procedures	Task 1: Evaluate and document existing UTW design procedures		04/01	08/31					I		
Task 2: Summary of Whitetopping and UTW field sections		ıs	09/01	12/31							
Task 3: Final Report			01/01	03/31							
Task 4: Final Report Review and Revision			04/01	06/30							
Task 5:			/	/							
Task 6:			/	/							
Task 7:			/	/							
Task 8:			/	/							
Task 9:			/	/							
Task 10:			/	/							
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Anastasios M. Ioannides telephone: (513) 556 - 3137 P. I. Organization Nar University of Cincinna PO Box 21022, OH 45			Co-Investigator Name/Contact: telephone: () -								
Description of Research: This project is part of an effort to meld the current empirical and theoretical knowledge of pavements with UTW and conventional PCC overlay design with Illinois-specific experience to develop tools and guidelines to effectively design these overlay types for IDOT's use. Existing UTW design procedures will be critically reviewed for potential adoption for IDOT, and in collaboration with ICT personnel, a list will be compiled of all available whitetopping and UTW field sections located in Illinois. Recommendations will be formulated on the most viable UTW design procedure for IDOT's use and any needed changes.											
Technical Review Panel Names: Tom Winkelman (Chair) Kevin Burke Doug Dirks Scott Lackey David Lippert Randy Riley	TRP Telephone (217) 782 - 294 (217) 785 - 504 (217) 782 - 720 (217) 466 - 726 (217) 782 - 673 (217) 793 - 493 () - () -	0 k 8 8 3 1 2 1 3 F	winkelmantj@dot.il.gov burke@dot.il.gov dirksda@dot.il.gov lackeysa@dot.il.gov lippertdl@dot.il.gov pccman@insightbb.com			Dates: Ava Yes 03/17/06 Yes 1		Minut Availa Yes			
Short Title & Date of Reports Available: PPT Presentation: Workplan 03/17/06											

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-782-3547

Project Title: Evaluation Of UTW and Whitetopping Design Procedure	Today's Date: 06/22/06
	Function Code: R27-3B
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):	
During the Quarter of 04/01/06-06/30/06, our first under this Contract, the Principal critical review of existing UTW design procedures for potential adoption for IDOT. assembled and its review and evaluation is well under way. A thorough understate design practices around the USA (and occasionally abroad) is pursued, and this has progressing with encouraging outcomes. The focus, of course, are the following specified in the proposal: (1) ACPA's UTW procedure, (2) the Federal Highway AUTW Design guide and software (pending availability), and (3) Colorado's thin who procedure. The preliminary finding of work conducted this Quarter is that these proposed by case basis. Moreover, just as they share in their strengths, all procedure to share the same persistent weaknesses, especially those related to the inability empirical design procedures to accommodate such an unconventional structural substitutional design procedures to accommodate such an unconventional structural substitutional effort with few local characteristics and the same persistent weaknesses, especially those related to the inability empirical design procedures to accommodate such an unconventional structural substitutions. These weaknesses are noted as encountered and will be useful in recommendations for necessary changes as required by Task 3 of this Project. In scope of the work outlined in the proposal, the following features of each design passessed: (a) traffic; (b) climate; (c) materials, esp. concrete and subgrade; (d) pacondition; (e) overlay thickness and joint design; (f) interface bonding; (g) analytic performance criteria; (i) reliability.	The literature has been anding of the prevailing has been steadily design procedures, as dministration's (FHWA's) nitetopping design rocedures share a significant paracteristics added on a serviewed to date appear of current mechanistic-system as UTW and formulating an order to remain within the procedure are specifically avement pre-overlay
During the performance of this work, the Principal Investigator has remained in cl	oco concultation with Prof
Jeffery Roesler at UIUC, for the purpose of coordination of activities.	ose consultation with Fior.

Project Title: Radiation Detection F	Pilot Program			Date: 06/2				
				n Code: R2 Number: R				
QPR Author Name: William E. Dur				ed Dates		scal Ye	ar: 20	006
	Project Completed:	25 %	Estimate	•	JUL	ОСТ	JAN	APR
Task Title			Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN
Task 1: Design and Deployment of	Pilot System		05/2006	08/2006				I
Task 2: Monitoring of Pilot System			09/2006	06/2007				
Task 3: Testing of System by RAP	Team		06/2006	08/2006				
Task 4: Presentation of Results			01/2006	06/2007				I
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: William E. Dunn telephone: (217) 840-1212 e-mail:wedunn@uiuc.edu	P. I. Organiza University of II 1206 W. Gree Urbana, IL 618	linois n Street			nvest e/Coi	_		
Description of Research: The purp methods for detecting radioactive in A critical element of this program is used by a terrorist organization. A isotope of radioactive material and organization is to contaminate a purgreat economic impact on the city,	naterials of concerrate the ability to detect dirty bomb is the conventional exploblic facility with rad	n moving et and int ombinati sives. T	g on Illinois hi tercept a dirty on of a long- The goal of th	lop ghways. bomb lived e terrorist	Keywo radiation dirty bo terroris	on omb		
Technical Review Panel Names: Joseph S. Hill, Chair, IDOT Thomas E. Korty, IDOT Aaron T. Toliver, IDOT David Beasley, Ill. State Police David B. Johnson, IDOT Tom Seif, IEMA Dr. Harvey Drucker, ANL	TRP Telephone: (217) 782 - 3568 (217) 558 - 4060 (217) 782 - 2984 (217) 557 - 1883 (630) 252 - 3804	kortyte tolivera david_ johnso seif@ie	mail: dot.il.gov @dot.il.gov at@dot.il.gov beasley@isp ndb@dot.il.go ema.state.il.u r@anl.gov	o.state.il.us gov				
Short Title & Date of Reports Availad DNDO Proposal 8-Feb-2006 Presentation to Illinois Terrorism Tapresentation to ITTF Subcommittee Presentation to RAP Team 20-Jun-	ask Force 19-Jan-0 e 24-May-2006 2006	Jose 6 Divi Trai Spri	l User(s) and eph Hill, P. E sion of Highw nsportation, 2 ingfield, IL 62	., Bureau Cl vays, Illinois 2300 S. Dirk	nief of C Depart	operati ment c		

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Project Title: Radiation Detection Pilot Program	Today's Date: 06/29/2006
,	Function Code: R27-4
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):	

Task 1. Design and Deployment of Pilot System

Prototypes have been designed and built by the equipment manufacturer without cost to the State or the University for the purpose of the pilot program.

The design was presented to the Technical Review Panel on 24-May-2006. Comments were received on the design, but the committee decided to postpone installation until the system could be tested by the RAP (Radiological Assistance Program) Team at Argonne National Laboratory.

A system installation document is being written for review by IDOT personnel and the Technical Review Panel.

Task 2. Monitoring of Pilot System

The system is not installed and monitoring has not yet begun.

Task 3. Testing of System by RAP Team

A meeting was held on 20-Jun-2006 to discuss testing by the RAP team. A testing protocol is under development. Input from the Domestic Nuclear Detection Office of the Department of Homeland Security will be sought. Testing is planned for July 2006.

Task 4. Presentation of Results

Three oral presentations with slides and one draft proposal were prepared under this contract as follows.

DNDO Proposal 8-Feb-2006 Presentation to Illinois Terrorism Task Force 19-Jan-06 Presentation to ITTF Subcommittee 24-May-2006 Presentation to RAP Team 20-Jun-2006

	<u> </u>							
Project Title: Bus Operations On High	way Shoulders							
					7-5			
QPR Author Name: J. Schofer		PI	oject Nu	imber:	Fiscal Yes JUL OCT SEP DEC Vestigate Portace () Keywords: pransportation rapid transit,			106
Telephone: (847) 491 - 8795 % Projection	act Completed: 1%	- Es	timated	Dates	Fiscal Year: 2 JUL OCT JAN INDIPITE SEP DEC MAR A CO-Investigator Name/Contact: Elephone: () - Imail: ES Keywords: public transportation, bur rapid transit, freew operations, bus priorities Meeting Dates: Ava Meeting Dates: Ava Minusco Dates: Ava Meeting Dates: Ava Meeting Dates: Ava Meeting Dates: Ava Minusco Dates: Ava Meeting Dates: Ava Meetin	ai. Zi	100	
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Task 1: Define background and frame	work		,,	- Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN
Task 1. Define background and frame	WOIK.	/		/				I
Task 2: Review literature and practice		/		/				
Task 3: Build applications database c variations	assified by key	/		1				
Task 4: Conduct case studies		/		/				
Task 5: Prepare and deliver final repo	rt	/		/				
Task 6:		/		/				
Task 7:		/		1				
Task 8:		/		/				
Task 9:		/		1				
Task 10:		/		/				
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Joseph Schofer telephone: (847) 491 - 8795 e-mail:j-schofer@northwestern.edu Description of Research: This research to, bus operations on roadway shoulde advantage to bus transit. This will be a identify issues and factors, review of lift interviews with representatives of ager studies, and interpretation of results.	ers (BOS) to provide a ccomplished by conc erature and docume	ential for, a a level of s eptual mo nted exper	ervice deling to ience,	telephor e-mail: acles	ne: (Keywo transportation operation	rds: portatio	t: - oublic n, bus freewa	
Technical Review Panel Names: David Tomzik Charles Abraham	TRP Telephone: () - () - () - () - () - () - () - () - () -	m Charles. <i>i</i>	mzik@Pad	cebus.co	Dates:		Minut Availa	
Short Title & Date of Reports Available	F	ind User(s Recomment perations nanageme	dations for trans	for implen it provider	nentations and t	on of E ransp		n

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen. For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-782-3547

Project Title: Bus Operations On Highway Shoulders	Today's Date: 07/19/06
	Function Code: R27-5
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):	
Although we did not receive a notice to proceed, we did get a revised budget for the PI has signed off on the revisions. A spending account has not been establish agreement.	
A meeting with Charles Abraham (IDOT) and David Tomzik (Pace) presumed me Review Panel, is being scheduled for later in July. Northwestern's Transportation preliminary literature search, and relevant documents are being assembled and rewill be prepared after this meeting.	Library has conducted a
An initial list of regions where BOS operations have been conducted or considere perspective of the work has been extended to include a variety of bus priority trea alternatives or complements to BOS. This includes more general bus rapid transit	tments that may serve as
The conceptual model called for in task 1 is being formulated.	

Project Title: Internet-Based Flood-Pea	ak Discharges		Today's	Da	te: 06/26	/2006			
Determination For Rural Streams In Illin			Function Code: R						
			Project	Nun	nber: R	-			
QPR Author Name: David Soong Telephone: (217) 344 - 0037 % Proje	ect Completed: 25%	, O	Estimate	ed D	ates	JUL	oct	ar: 20	J06 APR
Task Title	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Start	С	omplete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN
Task 1: Review National Hydrography streams)	Dataset (100K		03/2006	О	3/2006		220	С	С
Task 2: Review Digital Elevation Mode	el (DEM)		03/2006	0	5/2006			С	С
Task 3: Develop project coverage			03/2006	0	4/2006			С	С
Task 4: Data preparation (7 sub-tasks)			04/2006	О	9/2006				I
Task 5: Populate StreamStats databas	se for Illinois		05/2006	О	7/2006				I
Task 6: Custom programming from ES	RI for basin length		03/2006	0	8/2006				I
Task 7: Testing by regions for basin changed and ungaged sites	naracteristics at		09/2006	C	9/2007				
Task 8: Analysis of variance for flood f stations	requencies at gagir	ng	09/2006	0	9/2007				
Task 9: documentation			06/2006	C	9/2008				I
Task 10: QA/QC, metadata and setup	ArcIMS server		03/2006	1	0/2007				ı
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Robert H. Holmes, Jr. telephone: (217) 344 - 0037	P. I. Organization I USGS - IWSC 1201 West Univers Urbana, III. 61801				Co-In Name	e/Cor	_		
e-mail:bholmes@usgs.gov Description of Research: An automate StreamStats, that makes peak flood dis rural sites consistent, easy to determine will be developed and served. Illinois Sinterface to determine watershed deline StreamStats is interfaced with the Natio flood discharges at various frequencies	scharge computatione, and publicly availed and publicly availed treamStats will propertions and basin classing Flood Frequence.	ns at lable vide harac	gaged and to the users a point and oteristics.	ung in I click	e-mail: aged Ilinois	Keywo frequer stream interne	rds: F ncies, is, Illin	rural ois,	ats
Technical Review Panel Names: Matthew O'Connor Arlan Juhl Audrey Ishii Mark Gawedzinski Neil Vanbebber David Soong	TRP Telephone: (217) 785 - 2917 (217) 782 - 4437 (217) 344 - 0037 (217) 782 - 8582 (217) 782 - 2714 (7 N 7 A 7 a 2 N 4 g	TRP Email: Matthew.OConn V IRLAN.JUHL@ lishii@usgs.gov Mark.Gawedzins ov Jeil.Vanbebber@ soong@usgs.g	illino v ski@ @illir	illinois.g is.gov illinois.	Meeting Dates: 02/15/2 / / / / / / / / /		Minut Availi Yes	
Short Title & Date of Reports Available N \ A		Hydra in Illir estim	User(s) and aulic designer of the automotion of	ers ated	d method		:		

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Project Title: Internet-Based Flood-Peak Discharges Determination For Rural
Streams

Today's Date: 06/26/2006
Function Code: R27-6

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

- Task 1. Completed. The enhanced National Hydrography Dataset (NHD) provided to the USGS by Ann Holtrop at the Illinois Natural History Survey, IDNR Watershed Protection Section was reviewed and modified as necessary. Arc Hydro Tools require a dentritic stream network for processing. Ms. Holtrop had already prepared a dentritic for an IDNR project. Sharpe found Holtrop's dataset to be well done and ready for use in Arc Hydro Tools.
- Task 2. The current National Elevation Dataset (NED) was downloaded, the tiles merged, and the data projected. Tile edges were examined to make sure elevation values were consistent. The NHD was overlayed on the NED and it was determined that there was a good match. The NED is not used directly in the Arc Hydro Tools but is used in the initial processing to develop a new DEM that is walled and has burned streamlines (hydro-corrected DEM).
- Task 3. The coverage projections are completed.
- Task 4. a.-f. Data preparation for the Kaskaskia River watershed has been completed as a test case. The task was requested by IDOT for a demonstration at the next technical review panel meeting.
- a. All required data for processing through Arc Hydro Tools have been obtained. These data include the NED, the NHD, and the Watershed Boundary Dataset (WBD). The HUC processing units have been derived from the WBD.
- Task 5. Basin and flow characteristics have been entered into the StreamStats Database. The upper and lower 95% confidence intervals have not been entered.
- Task 6. Contract discussions regarding basin length have been held with ESRI and the StreamStats staff. The program for basin length is an Arc macro script that will be converted to Arc Hydro Tools by the StreamStats staff, then incorporated into StreamStats by ESRI through the existing contract management staff.
- Task 7. Not initiated.
- Task 8. Not initiated.
- Task 9. Not initiated.
- Task 10. A comparison of drainage area (DA) between manual delineation (in USGS files), and Watershed Boundary Dataset (WBD) delineated watershed areas should be completed. If significant differences are noted, an analysis of DA to be used in regression equation will be necessary.

Data entered into the StreamStats Database have been checked. The upper and lower 95% confidence intervals are not easily derived using existing parameters and may require a re-run of the GLS program. The feasibility of this option is being reviewed.

Project Title: Evaluation Of Hot-Mix As	sphalt Sampling		s Date: 06/30				
Techniques			n Code: R2				
		Project	Number: R	_	137		
QPR Author Name: Mostafa A Elseifi	act Completed: 100/	Estimat	ed Dates	Fiscal Year: 20 JUL OCT JAN RESEP DEC MAR TO T) 06		
Telephone: (309) 677 - 2716 % Projection Task Title	ect Completed. 10%	Start	Complete				APR
Task 1: Literature Review		Start	· ·	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN
		06/2006	08/2006				С
Task 2: Field Visits and Scan of Pract	ice	07/2006	03/2007				I
Task 3: Draft Final Report		02/2007	04/2007				ı
Task 4: Revised Final Report		04/2007	06/2007				
Task 5:		/	/				
Task 6:		/	/				
Task 7:		/	/				
Task 8:		/	/				
Task 9:		/	/				
Task 10:		/	/				
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Mostafa Elseifi telephone: (309) 677 - 2716	P. I. Organization Nar Bradley University 1501W Bradley Avenu Peoria IL 61625		Name telepho	e/Coi	ntac		
e-mail:melseifi@bradley.edu Description of Research: Insuring the assuring the quality of the completed prequirements. Samples of asphalt mix without state supervision. Further, sar representative sample can be difficult moving the sample location to the job weakness cited above. However, ther with advantages and disadvantages. I arrange visits with practitioners in Illino	product and complying wature are currently taken in the product are taken from a sand easily subject to biasite offers the potential eare a number of differ Research is needed to sais and other states.	with Federal at the hot m truck where cas. The conc to address th rent approach survey praction	ix plant bbtaining a ept of e nes, each	Sampl Sampl	ing, Ro	oadwa	
Technical Review Panel Names: James Trepanier Scott Lackey Abdul Dahhan William J. Pine Laura Shanley	TRP Telephone: (217) 782 - 9607 () - () - (317) 486 - 2981 (217) 524 - 7269 () - () - () -	TRP Email: james.trepanier bill.pine@herita laura.shanley@	ige-enviro. illinois.gov	Dates: 05/31/3 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	2006	Availa	
Short Title & Date of Reports Available	Lite Fina	d User(s) and erature Revie al Report with lected data d	w n recommend	lations	l:		

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

Project Title: Evaluation Of Hot-Mix Asphalt Sampling Techniques	Today's Date: 06/30/2006
	Function Code: R27-8
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):	
A literature review is currently being conducted (Task 1). In agreement with the to questionnaire was prepared and sent to the different states for surveying the state sampling techniques and QA/QC regulations (Task 2). States were given until Ju date, 15 states have responded and more states are expected to answer before t meeting on July 13 th is scheduled with the TRP to discuss the results of the surve visits.	e of practice in HMA ly 7 th to respond. Up to he deadline. A second

Project Title: Pier Scour Prediction In EFA-SRICOS Method In Illinois	In Cohesive Soils: Use Of Today's Date: 07/06/2006 Function Code: R27							
				Number: R				
QPR Author Name: Timothy Straub						cal Ye	ear: 20	006
Telephone: (217) 344 - 0047 % Proje	ect Completed: 0%		Estimate	ed Dates	JUL	ОСТ	JAN	APR
Task Title			Start	Complete		DEC	MAR	JUN
Task 1: Site Selection & Scour Measu	rement		08/2006	06/2007				1
Task 2: Shelby Tube Sampling & SRI	COS-EFA Prediction	n	07/2007	06/2008				I
Task 3: Report Preparation and Revie	WS		07/2008	06/2009				I
Task 4:			/	/				
Task 5:			/	/				
Task 6:			/	/				
Task 7:			/	/				
Task 8:			/	/				
Task 9:			/	/				
Task 10:			/	/				
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Robert R. Holmes, Jr. telephone: (217) 344 - 0037 e-mail:bholmes@usgs.gov Description of Research: The Scour R Apparatus (SRICOS-EFA) Methodolog for assessing scour in cohesive sedime use erodability estimates from data col estimates generally overestimate the s cost of piers. The SRICOS-EFA metholog scour in cohesive sediments, but field objective of this study is to test and pol method for estimating scour depth of contact of the series of the ser	y provides a potentients. Most methods lected with cohesion cour of cohesive so do holds promise in avalidation data are litentially validate or it ohesive soils in Illino TRP Telephone: (217) 785 - 2917	ils-Ercially u for proless ils and addresimited mprovois stress T	osion Functi iseful methoredicting pie soils. These d needed de essing the ise d. The overa ve the SRIC reams. RP Email: latthew.OConn	Timoth telephote-mail:td	rvest e/Cor y D. Stra one: (21 straub@u Keywo Erosio cohesi EFA	ntaciaub 7) 344 sgs.gov ords: S n, pier ve, SF	cour, s, RICOS	,
Bill Kramer Riyad Wahab Neil Vanbebber Mark Gawedzinski Marshall Metcalf Frank Opfer Ron Wagoner Short Title & Date of Reports Available	(217) 782 - 7773 (217) 782 - 2704 (217) 782 - 2714 (217) 782 - 2799 (217) 782 - 6703 (618) 346 - 3182 (217) 466 - 7265	Hand L	/illiam.Kramer@iyad.Wahab@ieil.Vanbebber(lark.Gawedzinsov.larshall.Metcalfov rancis.Opfer@onald.Wagoneov	illinois.gov @illinois.gov ski@illinois. f@illinois. fillinois.gov r@Illinois.			Yes	
Research Proposal		bridge	engineers version of the contraction of the contrac	proved met				

Project Title: Pier Scour Prediction In Cohesive Soils: EFA-SRICOS Method In	Today's Date: 07/06/2006
Illinois	Function Code: R27-19
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):	
The TRP met in Springfield to discuss the proposed work. This meeting was an oldentify points of discussion for the kickoff meeting. The kickoff meeting for the ID held on June 7, 2006 at the IDOT District 6 building in Springfield, Illinois. Meeting proposal addressing questions and comments from the TRP were submitted during the transfer of the t	OT EFA-SRICOS study was g notes and a revised
Between the kickoff meeting and the August 1 Task I start date, the TRP will work initiate the process of identifying potential testing sites (Site Selection within Task Information gathered within District offices will be collected by the TRP for site sc conjunction with USGS.	I) around the state.

Project Title: Mechanistic-Empirical (M	1-E) Design		Today's	Date: 06/26	/06			
Implementation & Monitoring For Flexi				n Code: R28				
			Project Number: R 28					
QPR Author Name: Marshall R. Thom			Estimate	ed Dates	Fis	cal Ye	ear: 20)06
Telephone: (217) 333 - 3930 % Proj	ect Completed: 100)%		1	Fiscal Year: 200 JUL OCT JAN SEP DEC MAR I I I OVESTIGATOR Reverse (Contact: Meeting Dates: /	APR		
Task Title		\	Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN
Task 1: Provide technical support and concerning M-E flexible pavement des		וכ	07/05	06/06	I	I	I	I
Task 2:			/	/				
Task 3:			/	/				
Task 4:			/	/				
Task 5:			/	/				
Task 6:			/	/				
Task 7:			/	/				
Task 8:			/	/				
Task 9:			/	/				
Task 10:			/	/				
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Marshall R. Thompson telephone: (217) 333 - 3930 e-mail:mrthomps@uiuc.edu	P. I. Organization Dept. of CEE University of IL @U-C	Nam	ne/Address:		e/Cor	ntac		
Description of Research: Mechanistic design concepts and procedures were and IHR-527) and have been impleme variety of M-E design implementation a project is for University of Illinois Staff cooperate with IDOT in these activities	developed in previous ted by IDOT. IDO and monitoring active to continue to provious to the continue to provious the continue to provious to the continue to the c	ous II T cor vities	HR Projects ntinues to sup. The objective	ment (IHR-510 oport a ve of this	Pavem Mecha	nents; nistic-		
Technical Review Panel Names: David Lippert Short Title & Date of Reports Available	TRP Telephone (217) 782 - 263 () - () - () - () - () - () - () -	1	TRP Email: David.Lippert@	illinois.gov	Dates:		_	
Letter memos/reports on as-needed/requested basis.		All II	DOT Districts ble pavemen	s / improved	,p00100	•		

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

Project Title: M-E Design Implementation & Monitoring For Flexible	Today's Date: 06/26/06
Pavements	Function Code: R28
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):	
*Thompson provided responses to questions/comments received from IDOT condanalysis and design.	erning flexible pavement
* Thompson continued to interact with IDOT M&PR in developing/improving PCCI specifications, construction procedures, M-E flexible pavement design concepts/thickness design concepts.	
* Thompson is cooperating with IDOT in reviewing/modifying proposed Local Roa procedures for FULL-DEPTH AC and Conventional Flexible Pavements. Thomps the March -2005 BLR&S Section 37 (Pavement Design). Review comments continuous c	on continues to review
* Several critical inputs/policy decisions concerning M-E design of flexible paveme Bureau of Local Roads and Streets) have been identified. Thompson is helping to Amy Schutzbach is coordinating IDOT's efforts to consider these issues.	
* Thompson continued to interact with IDOT concerning M-E design of Extended	Life HMA Pavements.
* Several critical inputs/policy decisions concerning M-E design of flexible pavements Bureau of Local Roads and Streets) have been identified. Thompson is helping to Amy Schutzbach is coordinating IDOT's efforts to consider these issues.	
* A FY-07 Work Plan and Budget for R28 were prepared and submitted to ICT.	

Project Title: Validation Of Extended I	Today's Date: 7/5/2006						
Concepts		Function Code: IHR-R39					
		Project	Number: R				
QPR Author Name: S.H. Carpenter		Estimate	ed Dates	Fis	cal Ye	ear: 20	206
Telephone: (217) 333 - 4188 % Proj	ect Completed: 70%	Lounate	od Dates	JUL	ОСТ	JAN	APR
Task Title		Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN
Task 1: Laboratory Testing		07/2004	06/2005	1	I	С	
Task 2: Response Testing		07/2004	06/2005	С			
Task 3: Field Fatigue Testing		07/2004	06/2006	ı	I	I	I
Task 4: AC Overlay/Tack Coat Study		10/2004	05/2005	С			
Task 5: Artificial Neural Network (ANI	N) Back Calculation	07/2004	06/2006	ı	I	ı	ı
Task 6:		/ /					
Task 7:		/	/				
Task 8:		/	/				
Task 9:		/	/				
Task 10:		/	/				
Principal Investigator Name/Contact:	P. I. Organization Nat Dept of Civil and Env 205 N Mathews, MC Urbana, IL 61801	ir. Engn	Nam	ıvest e/Coı	ntaci		
Samuel H. Carpenter telephone: (217) 333 - 4188 e-mail:scarpent@uiuc.edu			M. R. T telepho e-mail:mi	ne: (21	7) 333		0
Description of Research: This research and fatigue for current IDOT mixes in requirements for pavement design. The algorithms and illustrate the existence Constructed pavements will be tested Neural network technology will be investigated.	accordance with the AA he fatigue testing will va and magnitude of a fat	ASHTO 2002 o alidate fatigue igue endurand	data ce limit.	Keywo Life, er ANN, o moduli respon	ndurar dynam us, pav	nce lim ic	nit,
provide a more rapid and accurate me		preting FWD	data to	ТООРОГ			
		preting FWD	I.gov .ii.gov .gov fhwa.dot.gov dot.iil.gov	Meeting Dates: 09/04/2 04/22/3 03/04/2 08/24/2 11/08/3 / / /	2002 2003 2004 2004	Minu Avail Yes Yes Yes Yes	tes able?

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen. For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-782-3547

IDOT pavement design engineers

QUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT (CONTINU	JED)						
Project Title: Validation Of Extended Life Pavement Design Concepts	Today's Date: 7/5/2006						
	Function Code: IHR-R39						
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):							
Task 1. Laboratory Testing. Completed.							
Task 2. Response Testing. Completed.							
Task 3. Field Fatigue Testing. Over 43,000 load repetitions were applied to the 6 Fatigue cracking developed over the first 25 feet of the section. Crack maps and have been taken during the testing. After repair to ATLAS, the section will be tes remaining length of the section. ATLAS has been checked out and is completing pavements, and should be available for ELHMAP testing in early May to complete	rut depth measurements ted to induce failure in the testing on existing flexible						
Final reports are under preparation for construction, fatigue testing, and dynamic modulus testing, which have been submitted previously to IDOT. Reports detailing mixture effects on fatigue and dynamic modulus are under preparation. A report on the fatigue failure testing is under preparation and will be submitted when field testing is completed. A 6-month extension is under consideration.							
Task 4. Completed.							
Task 5. Artificial Neural Network (ANN) Back Calculation. A meeting of the Technical Review Panel for the "NDT Evaluation Using Neural Networks" study was held at the Bureau of Materials and Physical Resea May 30, 2006. ANN models that had been developed for both full-depth HMA and conveconsider the presence of a lime-modified layer were presented. This was necepavement responses for typical pavement sections on lime-modified layers pavements placed directly on no lime sections. These models were then compalgorithms (one for lime and one for no lime) and Marshall Thompson's algorithmation (one for lime and one for no lime) and Marshall Thompson's algorithmation of these models were confirmed using field data from FA 409 test sections, High Cross Road, and the Roseville bypass for the full-depth HM improvements in the capabilities of the latest version of the ANN software were a analyzer SOFTSYS, Soft Computing Based Pavement & Geomaterial System A under development by Onur Pekcan, Jamshid Ghaboussi, and Erol Tutumluer. The of a patent submission.	rch (BMPR) in Springfield on ntional flexible sections that cessary, because the critical are very different than for pared with Howard Hill's two prithm for sections with and property of the section o						
A 1-year extension is under consideration.							

Project Title: Traffic Operations Lab (Tol)			Today's Date: 6/30/06							
, ,			Function Code: IHR-R43							
			Project	Number: R						
QPR Author Name: Rahim (Ray) Bene			Estimate	ed Dates	Fis	cal Ye	ear: 20	006		
Telephone: (217) 244 - 6288 % Proje	ct Completed: 30%	Ó		T	JUL	ОСТ	JAN	APR		
Task Title			Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN		
Task 1: Task 1: Signal Coordination &	Timing Workshops	:	7/05	7/06	I	I	I	I		
Task 2: TOL Web site and Computer I	Network:		7/05	7/06	I	1	1	I		
Task 3: Battery Back-up Systems test	ing and evaluations	3:	7/04	9/05	С					
Task 4: Task 4. Meetings and Training	js .		7/05	7/06	I	I	I	I		
Task 5: Task 5. Installation of Video Do	etection systems:		4/05	7/05	С					
Task 6: Task 6. Data Collection Proceed	dure		7/05	10/06	1	I	I	I		
Task 7: Task 7. Data Analysis			7/05	9/07	ı	ı	ı	I		
Task 8: Task 8. Final report			7/06	10/07		ı				
Task 9:			/	/						
Task 10:			/	/						
evaluation of new traffic control devices research to recommend countermeasur and on providing the hands-on training as well as the students at the university	Rahim (Ray)Benekohal chone: (217) 244 - 6288 cription of Research: The TOL activities are mainly focused on testing and cuation of new traffic control devices, on investigative and solution oriented arch to recommend countermeasures to problems faced in traffic operations, on providing the hands-on training to the department and municipal employees ell as the students at the university. The main focus of this year's research is uation of video detection systems. Regular activities on hands-on training will				rideo op affic co					
Technical Review Panel Names: Yogi Gautam Jim Schoenherr Jason Johnson	TRP Telephone: () - (217) 782 - 3452 (217) 782 - 3450 (217) 557 - 2070 () - () - () - () -	452 gautamyp@ 450 schoenherrja@		gautamyp@ schoenherrja@		nyp@ // hherrja@ //		6 6	Minur Avails No No No No No	
Short Title & Date of Reports Available: UPS Evaluation Reports		Evalu Loop	User(s) and uation of UP of detectors, a detection s	S, and	rpected	:				

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

QUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT (CONTINU	IED)
Project Title: Traffic Operations Lab	Today's Date: 6/30/06
	Function Code: IHR-R43
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):	
The scope of activities at TOL is broad and encompasses more than a specific tasks listed on previous page are projects in the traditional sense and others are confollowing summarizes the progress on each task.	
Task 1: Signal Coordination and Timing (SCAT) Workshops- Two SCAT workshop office IDOT employees were conducted in Sept 2005 at TOL. Computer network updated and Synchro software was installed on the server. Computers were teste and ready for the classes.	connection to TOL was
Task 2: TOL Web site and Computer Network- TOL network was connected with ATREL building to have high speed internet connection. All PCs were linked to the server.	
Task 3: Battery Back-up Systems (BBS) testing and evaluations- This task was the lab last year. A report was approved and published in July 2005.	ne main focus of work at the
Task 4. Meetings and Training - The yearly statewide Highway Lighting and Traff held on November 16-18, 2005. The meeting was hosted and presentations were detection study and BBS. IDOT Haz Mat training and Brown Traffic User Group m 2006.	made on the video
Task 5. Installation of Video Detection (VD) systems - Three vendors provided the for evaluation. A signal cabinet is installed on Route 45 to house the VD systems inductive loop detectors were installed. Computers and input/output devices to me the VD systems were installed. The data collection equipment were tested and as System Engineers meeting on the VD system installed was held on July 8th, 2005	. The three cameras and 6 easure the performance of djusted. A statewide Signal
Task 6. Data Collection Procedure - Scenarios to collect data were decided in cocvariety of light, traffic, and weather conditions will be considered. An algorithm was in VD systems compared to loop detectors. The algorithm has been validated by the algorithm's output. A set of data was colleted and processed. The results were they can fine tune the VD setting, if needed. Vendors came and fine tuned their symodifications are being made to the algorithm. Data collection began in November	as developed to find errors viewing video images and essent to the vendors so vstems. Further
Task 7. Data Analysis- The collected data is being analyzed and the errors will be tabulated: false detection, missed detection, stuck-on call, and dropped call. Contrain and traffic parameters on errors will be determined. Analysis of errors in daylight a completed and the effects of fine tuning of the detector configurations were determined aspect is being prepared to send to vendors.	ributions of light, weather, and sunny conditions are
Task 8. Final report- Prepare a final report to include the finding of the study.	

Project Title: Performance And Acceptance Of Self-		Today's Date: 6/29/2006							
Consolidating Concrete		Function Code: R44							
		Project	Number: R						
QPR Author Name: D.A. Lange		Estimate	ed Dates	Fis	Fiscal Year: 2006				
Telephone: (217) 333 - 4816 % Proje	ect Completed: 99%	Lounau	- Daics	JUL	ОСТ	JAN	APR		
Task Title		Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN		
Task 1: Literature Review		7/2003	1/2004						
Task 2: Selection of Candidate Mix De Material Sources	esigns Using Illinois	8/2003	4/2004						
Task 3: Evaluate Applications		8/2003	4/2005						
Task 4: Experimental Program I – Flor	w Characteristics	10/2003	4/2007	ı	ı	I	I		
Task 5: Experimental Program I – Seg	regation Study	10/2003	4/2007	ı	ı	ı	I		
Task 6: Experimental Program II – Ea Performance	rly Age Mechanical	10/2003	4/2006	ı	ı	I	С		
Task 7: Experimental Program II – Loi Performance		10/2003	4/2006	I	I	I	С		
Task 8: Test Protocol and Acceptance Criteria		10/2003	4/2007	I	I	I	I		
Task 9: Coordination Meetings		7/2003	7/2007	С	С	С	I		
Task 10: Final Reports	6/2006	7/2007							
P. I. Organization Name/Address: University of Illinois 2122 NCEL, MC-250 Urbana, IL 61801 Co-Investigator Name/Contact: Prof. David Lange telephone: (217) 333 - 4816 e-mail:dlange@uiuc.edu Description of Research: IDOT has expressed interest in developing SCC materials for use in precast/prestressed member construction and possibly for future use in cast in place construction. Coordination with Illinois precast industry and admixture companies will be maintained through this project. The study will use IDOT-approved materials for potential mix designs that will be used for evaluation of fresh and hardened properties of SCC. Test methods and protocols will be evaluated and acceptance criteria will be proposed. Partnership of IDOT and UIUC expertise serves the central goal of defining successful SCC mixtures and construction									
Technical Review Panel Names: Brian Pfeifer, Chair BMPR Doug Blades FHWA James Krstulovich BMPR Ken Lang D3 Kevin Riechers BB&S Steve Worsfold D4	TRP Telephone: (217) 782 - 2912 (217) 492 - 4629 (217) 782 - 6733 (815) 434 - 8480 (217) 782 - 9109 (309) 671 - 3676 () - () -	Doug.Blades@f krstulovichjm@c langkr@dot.il.go riecherskl@dot. worsfoldsj@dot	TRP Email: PfeiferBA@dot.il.gov Doug.Blades@fhwa.dot.gov krstulovichjm@dot.il.gov langkr@dot.il.gov riecherskl@dot.il.gov worsfoldsj@dot.il.gov		9 06 2005 05 05 2004 004 004	Minu Avail Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes			
Short Title & Date of Reports Available SCC Prestressed Applications	ID	nd User(s) and OT BMPR	, ,	xpectec	l:				

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-782-3547

4-14-05

Final Report-- June 2007

Project Title: Performance And Acceptance Of Self Consolidating Concrete

Today's Date: 6/29/2006

Function Code: R44

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

Project accomplishments to date include a review of the current literature and available test methods. Current trends in mix design have been evaluated and a database of over 150 concrete mixtures was compiled. Candidate control mixtures were selected that represent different strategies in SCC mixture proportioning. The mixtures include one SCC design suitable for PPC I-beams w/ VMA and a conventional I-beam mix design, as well as IDOT mixtures used in Peoria retaining wall projects.

Laboratory testing is in progress to characterize material behavior in both the fresh and hardened states. UIUC began by fabricating test equipment for the various SCC methods. Segregation test methods involving eddy current, falling weights, and image analysis have been used in the laboratory for validation. A test method was developed for evaluating static stability using hardened concrete cylinders. A static segregation test probe was developed, which is a simple device to quickly measure static segregation in the field. The dynamic segregation test is being developed using a 6" x 6" x 6" wood channel. Field measurements are currently being conducted to compare the dynamic segregation behaviors of SCC mixes in the formwork and in the testing apparatus. Concrete flowing in the testing apparatus was analyzed based on rheology and fluid mechanics. From the analysis, the minimum rheology values of cement paste to prevent dynamic segregation can be calculated based on the initial flowing velocity of concrete, and properties of aggregates such as size, density, and volume. Future work is to develop acceptance criteria for the dynamic segregation test and refine the simulation of dynamic segregation.

Early age creep and shrinkage measurements are completed for the candidate SCC mixtures. Long term creep and shrinkage characterization continues. Elastic modulus tests in compression are completed for all materials. Elastic modulus tests in tension are also completed. Autogenous shrinkage, thermal behavior, and internal RH have been measured to assess early age cracking potential. RH profiles through depth were added to characterize drying and these tests are now complete. Restrained ring tests were performed for two SCC mixtures to compare with OPC. Creep testing with various stress levels to define a more robust creep function is complete and the results are being used as input to the finite element code ICON, which was developed to characterize stress development at early age. The model was validated using the differential drying shrinkage test and has been used to analyze different specimens in the laboratory and the field as well as to calibrate creep parameters from simple laboratory experiments.

Concrete core specimens were taken from the UIUC strong wall to analyze dynamic segregation. The results were studied using the segregation shrinkage model to determine the shrinkage potential and investigate the causes for cracking. An analysis of heat development in the wall may also give some insight into the causes for cracking.

Formwork pressure measurements continue in the laboratory and in the field. Testing is underway on the stiffening of SCC under different conditions. Tests with laboratory columns have been performed with the material exposed to extended periods of agitation to understand how SCC behaves when agitated or exposed to prolonged period of external energy sources. These tests are looking at how long the material is influenced by the agitation and to what depth the agitation at the surface has an influence on the stiffening of the concrete. The test column has been redesigned so that it can be more easily used in the lab and on the job site. Work will continue in the area of SCC stiffening to help better predict the pressures in the field. The study will also examine how the time between water addition and placement might influence formwork pressure.

This project has been an active partnership with the Bureau of Materials and Physical Research at IDOT. Regular meetings have been held to provide updates on research progress. The project is conducted by two 1/2-time research assistants under the direction of Prof. David Lange. These students are Matthew D'Ambrosia and Ben Birch. A third 1/2-time research assistant, Lin Shen, is studying fresh properties and segregation under the supervision of Prof. Leslie Struble.

Project Title: Concrete Distress Identification		Today's Date: 06/26/2006							
		Function Code: R53 Project Number: R 53							
QPR Author Name: Qiang Li		Project	inumber. K	Fiscal Year: 2006					
Telephone: (217) 244 - 2355 % Projection	ect Completed: %	Estimate	ed Dates						
Task Title	,	Start	Complete	JUL	OCT	JAN MAR	APR JUN		
Task 1: finish the report of chert project	ct	04/2006	06/2006	OLI	DEO	I	С		
Task 2: petrographic examination of c finish the report	oncrete beams and	04/2006	06/2006			I	С		
Task 3:		/	/						
Task 4:		/	/						
Task 5:	_	/	/						
Task 6:		/	/						
Task 7:		/	/						
Task 8:		/	/						
Task 9:	Task 9:		/						
Task 10:	/	/							
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Leslie J. Struble telephone: (217) 333 - 2544	P. I. Organization Nar Civil and Environment Engineering, Universi 2129 Newmark, 205 N Urbana IL, 61801	tal ty of Illinois,	Co-Investigator Name/Contact: telephone: () -						
e-mail: lstruble@uiuc.edu e-mail: Description of Research: The research work is to identify the cause of concrete distress observed in relatively new pavement in Valmeyer IL, to assess the alkalisilica reactivity of chert, and to examine concrete laboratory samples for evidence of ASR. Keywords: concrete, distress, aggregate									
Technical Review Panel Names: Brian Pfeifer	TRP Telephone: () - () - () - () - () - () - () - () - () -			Meeting Dates: / / / / / / / / / / / /		Minut Availa			
Short Title & Date of Reports Available	e: End	d User(s) and	Result(s) Ex	pected	:	1			

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

Project Title: Concrete Distress Identification	Today's Date: 06/26/2006					
	Function Code: R					
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):						
We finished the final report on ASR reactivity of Illinois chert. The report summarizes the characteristics of Illinois chert and related ASR reactivity based on literature reviews, and some methods addressing the relationship between some intrinsic properties of cherts and ASR reactivity are also presented. For the concrete beams, we finished the petrographic examination and quantitative analysis on mineralogical composition using point counting method. The two final reports will be submitted before next quarterly meeting. The chert project was initially proposed as a two-year project but is being terminated now at the end of the first year.						
mot your.						

Project Title: Illinois Center For Transp	ortation (ICT)/ Deck	Today's	s Date: 6/30/	2006			
Beams		Function Code: IHR-R54					
		Project	Number: R	_			
QPR Author Name: Dan Kuchma	at Campleted: 070/	Estimate	ed Dates	Fis	scal Ye	ear: 20	006
Telephone: (217) 333 - 1571 % Projection	ect Completed: 27%			JUL	OCT	JAN	APR
Task Title		Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN
Task 1: Survey of Current State Practi		07/2005	11/2005	С			
Task 2: Survey of Practice in Other Sta	ates	09/2005	06/2006	ı	I	I	ı
Task 3: Review of Bases for Guideline	S	10/2005	05/2006	ı	I	I	Ι
Task 4: Design of Research Program		10/2005	06/2006	ı	I	I	I
Task 5: Conduct Experimental Resear	ch	12/2005	03/2007		I	I	ı
Task 6: Analysis and Summary of Tes	t Results	05/2006	06/2007				
Task 7: Produce IDOT Guidelines		04/2007	09/2007				
Task 8: Production of Final Report	Task 8: Production of Final Report		12/2007				
Task 9:		/	/				
Task 10:	/	/					
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Dan Kuchma telephone: (217) 333 - 1571 e-mail:kuchma@uiuc.edu Description of Research: Lifting loops more 7-wire prestressing strands that h codes and handbooks do not provide g shallow members and consequently inc variety of different methods. This has le loops and this poses a significant safet practices are being reviewed and a ran tested in order to develop a standard p	ave been bent into lo uidance for the design dividual states and pro- ed to problems in the by hazard. To address ge of lifting loop arrar	ally consist of cops. Current no of lifting loop oducers are us field including this concern, congements are be	Chris Helephore one or ational s for ing a failure of current peing	ne: (21	ntac 7) 244 oc.edu ords: li	<i>t:</i> - 879 lifting, ressed	
application. Technical Review Panel Names: Brian Pfeifer Kevin Riechers Gary Kowalski John Ciccone Short Title & Date of Reports Available Preliminary Test Plan 11/16/05 Preliminary Test Setup 4/24/06		TRP Email: pfeiferba@dot.il.gov riecherskl@dot.il.gov kowalskigm@dot.il.gov cicconejl@dot.il.gov				Minu Avail Yes Yes	

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Project Title: Illinois Center For Transportation (ICT)/ Deck Beams	Today's Date: 6/30/2006
	Function Code: IHR-R54

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

Task 1: Survey of State Practice

At this time, the practice of Egyptian Concrete, Prestress Engineering Corporation, County Materials, Iowa Prestress Company, and St. Louis Prestress have been collected and reviewed.

Task 2: Survey of Practice in Other States

The survey of practices in other states has been rescheduled until after the completion of the preliminary tests.

Task 3: Review of Bases for Guidelines

The bases for the guidelines in the PCI Design Handbook continue to be reviewed as necessary.

Task 4: Design of Research Program

The UIUC research team met with the technical review panel on April 25, 2006 to discuss the design of the test specimen and details of the experimental setup. During that meeting, the following design and test-set decisions were made. It was determined to prestress the strands. Rather than increasing the depth of the test specimens to provide adequate moment capacity, it was decided to use a large load transfer block. The committee agreed on several critical dimensions including the minimum distance from the strand to the load transfer block and to additional internal reinforcement that was necessary to provide the specimen with the additional capacity that was calculated to be necessary to ensure strand pullout or rupture. In addition, the technical review panel responded to specific questions from the UIUC research team on reinforcement requirements and practices.

Since that time, the researchers have been finalizing all aspects of the experimental research program while they wait upon laboratory testing space to become available. The location for the casting and testing of the IDOT test specimens is currently occupied by a project that involves the strength evaluation of railway bridge slabs. The last test in that program is schedule for the second week in July, so the space for fabrication of the IDOT specimens should be available by the end of the month.

The UIUC research team has not provided the technical review panel with final drawings for the test specimens as the length of the test specimens are dependent on finalizing of the details of the experimental test setup and some of these details are still being finalized. Specifically, the necessary length for the slabs is dependent on the height of the load transfer slab, loading jacks, load cells, and bend diameter for the strands over the loading apparatus. The researches wished to minimize the height of the loading device for this simplified the test set-up and this required some iteration. The final details are expected to be sent to the technical require panel in the next couple of weeks so that they can be reviewed prior to the availability of laboratory fabrication and testing space.

Recent progress includes finalization of the load control system which will use a cluster of four 150 Ton jacks. Load on the lifting loop will be measured using an instrumented 2-inch diameter high-strength treaded rod that connects the lifting loop pin bracket to the eight 0.5-inch strands that pass over the loading system and are securely anchored on the other half of the test specimen. The prestressing will be completed by University of Illinois technical staff using newly developed prestressing capabilities.

Task 5: Conduct Experimental Research

The fabrication of the test specimens is expected to begin in late July with testing to begin about 6 weeks thereafter.

Project Title: Tack Coat Optimization For Overlays			Today's Date: 06/26/2006						
			Function Code: R55						
			Project	Numbe	er: R 5				
QPR Author Name: S. Carpenter and I.			Estimate	ad Date	20	Fis	cal Ye	ear: 20	906
Telephone: (217) 333 - 4188 % Projection	ct Completed: 50%	6	LStillate	o Dale	53	JUL	ОСТ	JAN	APF
Task Title			Start	Com	plete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN
Task 1: Establish Literature			07/2005	12/2	005	I	I	С	С
Task 2: Interface Simulation						<u> </u>	<u>'</u>		
			04/2006	09/2	2007		ı	ı	I
Task 3: Laboratory Evaluation			04/2006	03/2	2007		I	I	I
Task 4: Modify ATLAS			01/2006	12/2	2006		I	ı	ı
Task 5: Overlay Construction			04/2007	06/2	2007				
Task 6: Conduct Field Performance Te	sting		04/2007	12/2					
Task 7: Data Analysis									_
•			07/2006	03/2	2008				
Task 8: Interim and Final Reports			06/2006	05/2008					
Task 9:			/	/					
Task 10:			/	/					
Name/Contact: Imad Al-Qadi telephone: (217) 265 - 0427	University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign Co-Investigat Name/Contac Samuel H. Carpente telephone: (217) 333			1tac : penter 7) 333	t: r - 4188	8			
e-mail:alqadi@uiuc.edu Description of Research: Perform a coordinated lab, computer simulation, and accelerated full scale testing to optimize tack coat type and application rate on PCC having different surface textures. Effect of HMA mix design will also be investigated Keywords: Tack Coat Interface, Overlay					oat,				
Technical Review Panel Names: Tom Winkelman Amy Schutzbach Dave Lippert Jim Trepanier Charles Weinrank Patty Broers Terry Hoekstra Derek Parish	TRP Telephone (217) 782 - 2940 (217) 782 - 4886 (217) 782 - 6732 (217) 782 - 9607 (217) 782 - 0570 (217) 782 - 3547 (217) 342 - 8345 (217) 671 - 3670	0 V 8 2 7 0 7 5	WinkelmanTJ@dot.il.gov Dates: A 08/30/2005 Y			Minut Avail: Yes Yes			
Short Title & Date of Reports Available:		End Evaluand	User(s) and uation of tac application rapplication rapplication rapplication rapid surface	k coat t ates	ypes	pected	:	l	

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Project Title: Tack Coat Optimization For Overlays	Today's Date: 06/26/2006
	Function Code: R55

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

TASK 1- Current State of Knowledge

Literature survey has been revised by adding different perspectives on numerical modeling of tack coat interfaces and by adding a part discussing the effect of interface bonding on the overlay performance.

TASK 2- Interface simulations

Use of special interface elements that needs to be implemented in ABAQUS finite element routines is under investigation. Those elements can be zero or finite thickness.

The constitutive model to be used with those interface elements require surface characterization of contacting surfaces, failure characteristics (friction angle, cohesion or adhesion, maximum sliding displacement etc.) Mohr-Coulomb model with cohesion (or adhesion) intercept provides some of these characteristics required for cohesive and frictional interfaces. Surface characterization due to PCC texture variations can also be implemented in the finite element model by regularization (by saw-tooth model or sinosuidal model) of the PCC surface. These surface regularizations have been commonly utilized to characterize asperities on rock surfaces.

TASK 3- Laboratory evaluation

A new load cell for measuring the applied normal force at the interface has been integrated into the laboratory testing fixture. Fixture modifications, per the last meeting discussion, were completed to add stability during testing.

Initial tests are currently being performed at room temperature to determine the testing cyclic displacement amplitude. Series of interface shear tests will be performed at three different temperatures and different combinations of tack coat type-rate and mixture type.

Materials needed for laboratory tests (SS1-hp emulsion, RC70 cutback, PG64-22, SBS PG70-22, and aggregate) were collected. Dynamic modulus tests are being performed on selected hot mix formula. The results will be used in the finite element model development.

TASK 4- ATLAS Modification

Search for the heaters and heating systems had been completed. A brief summary was submitted to the members of TRP. The source for the appropriate heaters was identified and the manufacturer was contacted. Due the high cost of the heaters and the project limited budget, it was suggested to hold the accelerated testing at this point. During the next project meeting, the PIs and TRP will discuss changing the project scope to focus on laboratory testing and modeling at this point. During that time, a request for the cost of accelerated testing and ATLAS modifications is to be made to the executive committee. This to be discussed at the next project meeting.

TASK 5-Overlay construction

Test section layouts for 5 mph and 10 mph speed of ATLAS were prepared. Layout for testing at 5mph was selected.

Project Title: Speed Photo Enforcement			Today's Date: 6/30/06						
, ,		-	Function Code: IHR-R56						
			Project	Number: R	56				
QPR Author Name: Rahim (Ray) Bene			Estimate	ed Dates	Fis	cal Ye	ear: 20	006	
Telephone: (217) 244 - 6288 % Projection	ct Completed: 20%	, D	LStillate	eu Dales	JUL	ОСТ	JAN	APR	
Task Title			Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN	
Task 1: Task 1- Literature Review			7/05	10/05	ı	ı	ı	1	
Task 2: Task 2- Select WZ and Collect	Field Data		8/05	9/06	ı	I	ı	I	
Task 3: Task 3- Analyze Dist 7 WZ da	ta		9/05	5/06	ı	I	ı	I	
Task 4: Task 4- Effects of Police and "	YOUR SPEED IS"		3/06	10/06				ı	
Sign on Speed Task 5: Task 5- Effects of SPE on Spe	ed and Speed		3/06	10/06				1	
Variation Task 6: Task 6- Spatial effects of SPE	on Speed in WZ		3/06	10/06				I	
Task 7: Task 7- Temporal effects of SF	PE on Speed in WZ	2	3/06	10/06				I	
Task 8: Task 8- Speeding tickets and C	Task 8: Task 8- Speeding tickets and Court Decisions		2/06	4/07					
Task 9: Task 9- Prepare Reports			1/07	6/07					
Task 10:			/	/					
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Prof. Rahim (Ray)Benekohal telephone: (217) 244 - 6288 e-mail:rbenekoh@uiuc.edu Description of Research: This study will enforcement (SPE) systems on traffic floor (WZ). The overall goal is to determine to criteria such as: speed, speeding tickets courts. The net effects of SPE above ar procedure IDOT uses in WZ will be dete SPEED IS" sign, and SPE van in work and the speeding tickets Technical Review Panel Names: Dennis Huckaba	determined. Effects of police presence, "YOUR radar, construction zone alone or in combination will be studied. TRP Telephone: TRP Email: Meeting Minut					d e			
Mathew Mueller Mike Staggs Sharon Haasis John Benda Priscilla Tobias Short Title & Date of Reports Available:	(217) 558 - 1793 (217) 492 - 4630 (217) 782 - 0551 (630) 241 - 6800 (217) 782 - 3568 () - () -		staggs@fr isSL@dot. la@getipas spa@dot.il	ss.com .gov Result(s) Ex			No No		
				ohoto speed ork zones					

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Project Title: Speed Photo Enforcement	Today's Date: 6/30/06
	Function Code: IHR-R56

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

This study had planned to collect data in summer/fall of 2005 assuming that the speed photo enforcement vans would be deployed in July 2005. The vans were delivered in December 2005 and were ready for deployment in May 2006. Due to the delay in deployment, the data collection plan had to be postponed to 2006 construction season. On May 5th 2006, IDOT personnel and the researcher met and revised the data collection plan and agreed to change the completion date of the project to Oct 2007. Data collection started in June 2006 at I-64 work zone near East St Louis area.

- Task 1- Literature Review- Review the literature on photo enforcement, speed and speeding in work zones.
- Task 2- Select WZ and Collect Field Data- Three work zone sites will be selected for data collection. It is anticipated to collect data for five different work zone conditions. Speeds will be measured at two locations within work zone to determine the spatial effects of SPE.
- Task 3- Analyze Dist 7 WZ data- Data from IDOT District 7 for 2004 where they used "YOUR SPEED IS" trailer was analyzed to find the immediate effects and the effects after a few weeks of using the trailer. A report entitled "Speed Reduction Effects of Displaying Speed of Motorists in Highway Work Zones" was sent to IDOT in January 2005. Data for 2005 is being analyzed.
- Task 4- Effects of Police and "YOUR SPEED IS" Sign on Speed The speed reduction effects of police presence and "YOUR SPEED IS" sign will be determined in order to accurately isolate the effectiveness of SPE. Data has been collected at one site when police presence or the sign was used individually and at the same time.
- Task 5- Effects of SPE on Speed and Speed Variation Analyze the data on speed and speed variation/uniformity to determine the effects of SPE on speed in WZ. Data for I-64 site for all five WZ conditions will be reduced to determine the net effects of the SPE system. Multiple comparisons will be made among the seven cases.
- Task 6- Spatial effects of SPE on Speed in WZ Near the photo enforcement van drivers may reduce their speeds, but passing it they may increase their speeds. The effects of the system on speed at a point 1-3 miles downstream from the equipped van will be determined (spatial effect).
- Task 7- Temporal effects of SPE on Speed in WZ When police is present in WZ drivers often slow down, but when police leaves the WZ the speed often increases. This phenomenon may happen with SPE. Data was collected at one site after the van was taken out of a WZ to determine the temporal effects of SPE.
- Task 8- Speeding tickets and Court Decisions Determine the number of speeding tickets issued at those two sites and trace a sample of those tickets to estimate the fraction of tickets that is upheld as valid at courts.
- Task 9- Prepare Reports Prepare a final report on study findings and seek its approval from the TRP. Prepare interim and quarterly progress reports.

Project Title: Evaluation And Implementation of Improved CF and JPCP Design Methods for Illinois			2000			
	CP Today's Date: 6/30/2006 Function Code: IHR-R57					
	Project	Number: R	57			
QPR Author Name: Roesler, Jeffery	Estimate	ed Dates	Fis	cal Ye	ear: 2006	
Telephone: (217) 265 - 0218 % Project Completed: 16%	Estimate	eu Dales	JUL	ОСТ	JAN	APR
Task Title	Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN
Task 1: Evaluation of DG2002 for Concrete Pavements	07/2005	09/2006	I	I	I	I
Task 2: Laboratory Characterization of Material Inputs	01/2006	06/2007	I	I	I	i
Task 3: Traffic Characterization	10/2005	10/2006	I	i	I	I
Task 4: Field Survey Review	10/2005	06/2007	I	I	I	i
Task 5: Calibration and Validation of Design Methodology	01/2007	06/2008				
Task 6: CRCP Model Refinements	10/2006	01/2008	ı	ı	ı	ı
Task 7: Built-in Curl Characterization	10/2005	09/2006	ı	ı	ı	ı
Task 8: Climatic Zone Study	01/2006	09/2006	I	I	I	I
Task 9: Special Case Studies for JPCP	01/2006	09/2006	ı	ı	I	ı
Task 10:	/	/				
Principal Investigator University of Illinois	205 N. Mathews, MC-250 Urbana, IL 61801			igato		
telephone: (217) 265 - 0218 e-mail:jroesler@uiuc.edu Description of Research: With the recent release of the Mechanistic-Empirical (M-E) Pavement Design Guide (DG2002), many states are evaluating its applicability against their existing design methods. IDOT already has an existing jointed plain concrete pavement (JPCP) design based on M-E principles. However, IDOT does not have an M-E based continuously reinforced concrete pavement (CRCP) design procedure. The objectives of the study are to refine the JPCP design method based on new findings from the past 15 years and to develop and implement a CRCP design process that IDOT can use for routine design.					esign, terials,	
2005-2007 Workplan ID0	(217) 785 - 4888 (217) 782 - 6732 (217) 782 - 2940 (217) 782 - 8582 (217) 782 - 0570 (217) 524 - 1651 (217) 492 - 4646 schutzbacham@dot.il.gov lippertdl@dot.il.gov winkelmantj@dot.il.gov wienrankcj@dot.il.gov niedernhoferpr@dot.il.gov hal.Wakefield@fhwa.dot.gov			2005 2006 2006	Minu Avail Yes Yes	

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Project Title: Evaluation And Implementation Of Improved CRCP And JPCP
Design Methods

Today's Date: 06/30/2006
Function Code: IHR-R57

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

During the second quarter 2006, a series of JPCP and CRCP designs were conducted by using DG2002 and IDOT Design methods. The main objective of this design guide comparison was to determine their respective sensitivities and similarities/differences for the state of Illinois and determine what modifications may be needed for the IDOT JPCP method and features to address in the future IDOT CRCP method. To conduct this study, the research team complied load spectra and axle spacing distribution data for several weigh stations across the state and weigh-in-motion data for the Pesotum I-57 site (supplied to UIUC by IDOT personnel). This information will later be used to assess the impact of variability in load spectra and steer-drive axle spacing on predicted rigid pavement performance through use of both the Mechanistic-Empirical Pavement Design Guide (DG2002) and RadiCAL and will result in a separate technical note. The design sensitivity study specifically investigated traffic levels (low, medium and high), climatic zones (Chicago, Champaign and Carbondale) and shoulder type (asphalt concrete shoulder, tied shoulder and widened slab). A technical note summarizing JPCP and CRCP design results, comparisons and UIUC conclusions were submitted to the IDOT's TRP chair for this project. The key findings were the climatic changes in Illinois have little effect on thickness design except near Lake Michigan, load spectra versus ESAL comparison gave similar results, and the majority of the failures for concrete pavements in Illinois using DG2002 were top-down cracking, which may not be correct and needs further evaluation.

The preliminary FORTRAN program for calculating CRCP punchout was updated to include an ESAL-based stress prediction model developed by Zollinger. A document listing the models in the CRCP FORTRAN has been updated and will be forwarded to IDOT soon. The CRCP program now is ready for model improvement and revision to tailor the design method to IDOT's readily available inputs and calibration data.

CRCP monthly crack width refinement is being carried out. Given the crack spacing, there are two types of shrinkage involved in the formulation of crack width. One is the free shrinkage caused by the temperature drop and moisture loss; another is the restrained shrinkage (extension) caused by the external restraint such as slab-base friction and steel bar restraining. Literature reviews on concrete shrinkage composite models shows that most of these models simply treat concrete as an elastic material, and predict the elastic free shrinkage, which tend to overestimate the actual crack width. Currently, a new crack width formula based on elastic concrete free shrinkage and a visco-elastic solution of restrained concrete shrinkage with creep is being derived.

A 1-D heat transfer model for predicting the temperature distribution in the concrete pavement was also formulated in order to develop the capability to evaluate the effects of the ambient weather conditions on concrete pavement temperatures at early ages and the effects of other factors like concrete mix temperature, hydration kinetics, and BAM temperature. Numerical schemes obtained from finite-difference spatial discretization and forward-Euler time integrator generate reasonable temperature profile in the PCC pavement based on typical meteorological factors, such as air temperature, solar radiation, wind speed, etc. and an initial PCC temperature profile. As this model evolves, it can eventually be used as a tool to answer "what if" construction questions that have been posed by research staff at IDOT over the past 5 year concerning concrete mix temperatures, BAM temperatures, air temperature requirements, etc.

A technical note on FWD backcalculation of built-in curl on JPCP sections in Illinois is now completed. Initial results show built-in curl levels equivalent to a temperature difference of -5 to -10°F in most cases on US-20 and little to no built-in curl on the US-67 sections due to the high level of restraint from dowels and tie bars.

The impact of over-restraint in ramp sections was investigated and found that the minimum amount of steel required was vastly exceeded in many designs. Further investigation into typical and newer ramp designs was also conducted from plans received from District 1 and will be summarized in a forthcoming technical note.

A non-linear temperature profile distribution has been formulated and almost implemented for use in the RadiCAL program in order to assess the climatic effects in the state of Illinois. This will allow for a better prediction of the impact of temperature stresses on JPCP fatigue analysis and design as many curling stresses are typically overestimated when using a linear temperature distribution assumption. This evaluation, in conjunction with the IDOT-DG2002 design comparison technical note, will help determine whether additional climatic considerations should be included in the IDOT design method for different regions of the state.

An initial evaluation of the concept of an endurance limit was also presented for JPCP. This initial study only looked at edge loaded slabs with an assumed level of temperature curling. A further analysis needs to be conducted to look at other load locations and curling assumptions for both JPCP and CRCP.

	Project Title: Cost-Effectiveness And Performance Of Overlay Today's Date: 7/5/2006								
Systems In Illinois			Function Code: R58						
			Project	Number: R					
QPR Author Name: Al-Qadi, Buttlar, Kim, Baek			Estimate	ed Dates	Fis	scal Ye	Year: 2006		
Telephone: (217) 333 - 5966 % Project Completed: 30%		%	Lourida	Ja Datos	JUL	ОСТ	JAN	APR	
Task Title			Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN	
Task 1: Survey Districts			07/2005	12/2005	ı	I	I	I	
Task 2: Site Visits and Performance Da	ta Gathering		07/2005	06/2008	1	I	I	I	
Task 3: Forensic Investigation			04/2006	06/2008				ı	
Task 4: Laboratory Testing			07/2006	01/2008			ı	ı	
Task 5: Pavement Analysis			01/2006	03/2008				ı	
Task 6: Demonstration Projects			01/2006	10/2007					
Task 7: LCCA			04/2007	12/2007					
Task 8: Preliminary Usage Guide			07/2007	06/2008					
Task 9: Project Deliverables			04/2007	06/2008					
Task 10:			/	/					
	P. I. Organization Name/Address: University of Illinois Co-Investigator Name/Contact: Imad L. Al-Qadi telephone: (217) 265 - 0				t:	7			
systems used in Illinois and to evaluate through laboratory, field demonstration p	Evaluate the cost-effectiveness of traditional overlay and to evaluate recent reflective crack control strategies demonstration projects, and LCCA. A preliminary guide to ineer in the selection of rehabilitation techniques to control edeveloped. Control, Interface, Overlay, Asphalt, LCCA, Life-cycle of Rehabilitation								
Technical Review Panel Names: Joe Vespa Amy Schutzbach Dave Lippert Jim Trepanier Aaron Toliver Patty Broers	(217) 782 - 6538			Meeting Dates: 08/30/ 12/16/ 04/10/ * / /	2005	Minu Avail Yes Yes Yes			
Short Title & Date of Reports Available: *Weekly UIUC meeting minutes are also avail. upon request	End User(s) and Result(s) Expected: Field demonstration project Overlay life cycle cost anaysis Preliminary user guide								

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

Project Title: Cost-Effectiveness And Performance Of Overlay Systems In
Illinois

Today's Date: 07/05/2006
Function Code: R58

Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):

Note: Percent project completed on pg. 1 is based upon three-year project duration.

Task 1. District Survey: A packet of revised survey forms per each of nine IDOT Districts has been developed and sent to Joe Vespa for reviews and distributions across the IDOT Districts. The packet includes three different colored forms in Yellow, Orange, and White. Survey forms have been filled with known information by UIUC research team in Yellow and Orange forms as determined in the previous quarterly meeting. These forms can be checked by the District correspondents for corrections and updates. Blank White forms have been provided for use of the Districts to report any newer reflective cracking treatment projects with available control section information. Once the survey forms return to the UIUC research team, phone interviews of the Districts can be made for following up the survey as recommended by Dave Lippert.

Task 2: Site visits and Perf. Data: Several site visits to the proposed full forensic investigation projects were made during this quarter. These include three sites on US136 near San Jose (two sites are West of San Jose, a few miles away from one other and the other one is located several miles East of San Jose just West of the I-155 interchange). Two sites on IL29 near Creve Couer and Mossville were also visited. Detailed visual crack mapping and videotaping of the pavement surface by UIUC automated Data Collection Vehicles (DCVs) were conducted on the three US136 sites, while the Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) to get the subsurface pavement structural profile and coring of pavement for forensic investigation were conducted at the two IL29 sites in addition to crack mapping and digital imaging. Summary reports of these activities have been prepared and posted on the UIUC ICT R58 FTP server. Also in the reports, comparisons between live crack count results and those from the video image were made. Site visits to IL130 of District 5 and more locations where control sections are available will be made early in the next quarter for crack mapping and coring along with, logistics permitting, DCV and GPR data collection.

Task 3: Forensic Investigation: Field cores have been collected from the two IL29 projects this quarter. Traffic control was provided by IDOT/ District 4. A summary report of findings from coring and crack mapping has been prepared and made available on the UIUC FTP server. 29 at Creve Couer revealed an interesting phenomenon. All three cores taken over the cracks from IL29 Creve Couer project were at the edge of the fabric, rather than directly over the underlying joint in the PCC. Forensic study information on US136 and IL130 will be continued early next quarter.

Task 4: Laboratory Testing: A first-round of laboratory testing plan for IL29 field cored samples has been developed. As planned earlier, field cores will be tested for the determination of bulk material properties, fracture energy, interface shearing stiffness, and interlayer permeability. In addition to the planned laboratory testing, it was proposed to look at the effect of PCC surface texture on the performance of strip type fabric treatments. Premature debonding is suspected to occur between the fabric and the smooth PCC surface. This could expedite crack development. Once the first round laboratory testing is completed, the next sets of field samples from US136 and IL130 can be tested. We will present the laboratory testing results at the next quarterly meeting.

Task 5: Pavement Analysis: A literature review is being conducted on modeling and analysis of overlay interface. Crack propagation and simulated loading will be utilized to analyze reflective cracking development. This will assist in the evaluation of the effectiveness of interlayer systems and assist in the understanding the mechanisms for the deterioration of the overlay system. The model will be used to quantify the effectiveness of the interlayer systems as well as the pavement overlay parameters.

P.S. Per discussion with Dave Lippert, a discussion of the project scope may be needed to reflect the changes in the budgetary resources available to the project. This could take place in the next meeting.

	aluation Of Pavement Damage Due To New Today's Date: 06/23/2006								
Tire Designs			Function Code: IH						
			Project	Number: R					
QPR Author Name: I. L. Al-Qadi Telephone: (217) 265 - 0427 % Project Completed: 20%		,	Estimated Dates		Fis		ear: 20	006	
Task Title			Start	Complete	JUL SEP	OCT	JAN MAR	APR JUN	
Task 1: Accelerated Loading Experim HMA Flexible Pavement Test Sections		th C	01/2006	06/2006	JLF	DEC	I	I	
Task 2: Analyze Collected Data from A Pavement Testing		C	04/2006	12/2006				I	
Task 3: Quantify Pavement Damage of Configurations Using Experimental Me		C	7/2006	12/2006				I	
Task 4: Finite Element Modeling of the Sections		t c	7/2006	06/2007				I	
Task 5: FE Simulation of Loading Res Speeds	ponse at Highway	С	01/2007	09/2007					
Task 6: Incorporation of Dynamic Tire Loading	Impacts and Latera	al c	04/2007	12/2007					
Task 7: FE Analysis of Overweight Ax	le Loads	С	7/2007	06/2008					
Task 8: Life-Cycle Cost Analysis		С	04/2008	12/2008					
Task 9: Reports and Communication		С	09/2008	12/2008					
Task 10:			/	/					
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Imad L. Al-Qadi telephone: (217) 265 - 0427 e-mail:alqadi@uiuc.edu Description of Research: Quantify pay configurations based on accelerated p the finite element method for moving lo	avement testing and				e/Cor) ords: F	······································	ling,	
Technical Review Panel Names: Mark Gawedzinski Rich Telford Amy Schutzbach Bruce Peebles Charles Wienrank David Lippert	(217) 782 - 2799 (217) 782 - 2984 (217) 782 - 4888 (217) 782 - 0570 (618) 351 - 5270	(217) 782 - 2799 Mark.Gawedzinski@illinois.			Meeting Dates: 05/05/2 / / / / / / / / /	2006	Minut Availi No		
Short Title & Date of Reports Available: End User(s) and Result(s) Expected: Determine pavement damage due to different tire configuration				<u>I</u>					

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.
For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-782-3547

HIGHWAY RESEARCH COUNCIL

Project Title: Effectiveness Of Sealers	Today's	s Date: 7/13/	2006				
Concrete Bridge Decks.	Function	on Code: IHF	R-R07				
		Project Number:					
QPR Author Name: Kelly Morse / Tom		Estimated Dates		Fis	scal Ye	ear: 20	006
, , ,	ct Completed: 60%		_	JUL	ОСТ	JAN	APR
Task Title		Start	Complete	SEP	DEC	MAR	JUN
Task 1: Literature Search of Previous I	Research	3/2002	3/2004	С	С	С	С
Task 2: Survey of Other States Experie	ence and Procedures	3/2003	3/2004	С	С	С	С
Task 3: Collect Data from Experimenta	l Features (IL02-01)	6/2002	6/2007	ı	I	I	I
Task 4: Evaluate Collected Data (IL02-	·01)	6/2002	8/2007	1	I	ı	I
Task 5: Evaluate Chloride Content Ver	sus Corrosion Rate	6/2007	8/2007				
Task 6: Develop Product List of Accep	ted Sealers	8/2007	8/2007				
Task 7: Develop List of Applicable Bridges		8/2007	8/2007				
Task 8: Develop Tests for Sealer Performance and Approval		3/2002	7/2007	ı	I	ı	ı
Task 9: Write Report of Findings		9/2007	12/2007				
Task 10: Develop or Change Policy		9/2007	12/2007				
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Kelly Morse telephone: (217) 782 - 7218 e-mail:morsekl@dot.il.gov	P. I. Organization Nan Illinois DOT - BM & F 126 East Ash Street Springfield IL 62704	& PR et D4 Co-Investigator Name/Contact: Tom Winkelman telephone: (217) 782 - 29			t: - 294	0	
Description of Research: This research deck protectants to inhibit the progress decks. Evaluations of sealers, laminate performed as part of this research effor the concrete bridge decks will be used protectants. Surveys and samples are application, and continuing for a period	earch will investigate the performance of bridge gression of deicing salts into concrete bridge ninates, and bituminous membranes will be effort. Visual surveys and chloride ion samples of used as a performance evaluation of the sare scheduled at the initial time of construction or eriod of five years thereafter. The objective of the d list of protectant materials, an application eframe for bridges. Keywords: Reinforcing Corrosion, Siloxanes, Concrete, Membrane Ion			ords: Corcing Sion, Sion, Pete, Bi	Concre Steel, ilanes, olyme tumino	r ous	
Technical Review Panel Names: Dan Brydl - FHWA Dave Copenbarger IDOT D6 Doug Dirks - IDOT - BMPR Mark Eckhoff - IDOT - D4 Ken Lang - IDOT - D3 Carl Puzey - IDOT - BBS	TRP Telephone: (217) 492 - 4632 (217) 785 - 5306 (217) 782 - 7208 (309) 671 - 4463 () - (815) 434 - 8480 () - (217) 785 - 4511	32 - 4632 BrydID@igate.fhwa.dot.gov Dates: 35 - 5306 CopenbargerDA@dot.il.gov 3/22/200 32 - 7208 EckhoffMS@dot.il.gov 8/27/200 21 - 4463 LangKR@dot.il.gov 4/29/200 34 - 8480 PuzeyDC@dot.il.gov /			002 002 004	Minu Avail Yes Yes Yes	tes able?

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

For questions, please contact the Research Coordinator at 217-557-6038.

Eval. of Sealers and Laminates

for Protection of Bridge Decks

Short Title & Date of Reports Available:

End User(s) and Result(s) Expected:

IDOT policy for the future use of

sealers and laminates.

Project Title: Effectiveness Of Sealers And Laminates For Concrete Bridge	Today's Date: 7/13/2006					
Decks.	Function Code: IHR-R07					
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):						
2006 1 st Quarter A presentation on the current status of the research was prepared and presented Engineers Conference, the Transportation and Highway Engineering Conference. Implementation meeting. A revision to the 2007 Standard Specifications Book was to include protective coat on all new construction with the Contractor's option to uprotective coat.	, and the District 5 Project as discussed and proposed					
2006 2 nd Quarter Bridge deck sampling was completed for all the project structures in Districts 3, 4, project is scheduled to be completed this summer by internal IDOT forces. Produmade for this structure. A special request was made by District 1 for some chloric Ryan Expressway flyover of Interstate 55 in Chicago.	ct recommendations were					

PROGRESS REPORT FOR THE QUARTER ENDING MARCH 2006

Project Title: Investigation Of Select Li	rfd Design Factors		Todav's	Date: 7/11/	06				
Through Instrumentation Of Bridge Bearings			Function Code: IHR-R38						
			Project	Number: F	/ 06				
QPR Author Name: Brad Cross			Estimate	ed Dates	Cale	ndar \	ear:	2006	
Telephone: (618) 650 - 2648 % Project Completed: 100%		%		T	JAN	APR	JUL	ОСТ	
	Task Title		Start	Complete	MAR	JUN	SEP	DEC	
Task 1: Bridge Selection and Instrume			2/2004	9/2005	С				
Task 2: Instrument Installation and Da	ta Collection		5/2004	6/2006	1	С			
Task 3: Data Analysis and Final Repo	rt		8/2004	6/2006	ı	С			
Task 4:			/	/					
Task 5:			/	/					
Task 6:			/	/					
Task 7:			/	/					
Task 8:			/	/					
Task 9:			/	1					
Task 10:			/	1					
Principal Investigator Name/Contact: Brad Cross telephone: (618) 650 - 2648	P. I. Organization Name/Address: Southern IL Univ. Edwardsville Edwardsville, IL 62026-1800 Co-Investigat Name/Contac Nader Panahshahi telephone: (618) 65				1<i>tac</i>: nahi 3) 650	tact: ahi 650 - 2819			
e-mail:bcross@siue.edu Description of Research: Instrumentation for 12 bridges along I-55 to determine the validity of select factors in the LRFD design procedures. Keywords: instrumentation for 12 bridges along I-55 to determine the validity of select factors in the LRFD design procedures.				rds: L	RFD,	near			
Technical Review Panel Names: Tom Domagalski Patty Broers Mark Gawedzinski	TRP Telephone (217) 785 - 2913 (217) 782 - 3544 (217) 782 - 2799 (13 DOMAGALSKITJ BroersPA gawedzinskimj Sawedzinskimj Dates: 3/17/2004 6/11/2004 11/18/2005 6/13/2005 10/11/2009			004 004 2004 05 005 2005	Minu Avail Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	tes able?		
Short Title & Date of Reports Available Instrumentation Plan 6/11/2004 Draft Final Report 5/15/2006 Final Report 6/30/2006	:	End User(s) and Result(s) Expected: IDOT and FHWA are the anticipated end users. Results will discuss measured bearing shear forces.							

Instructions for each field appear at the bottom of the screen.

Today's Date: 7/11/2006						
Function Code: IHR-R38						
Progress to Date (Limit narrative to what fits on this page):						
Final Report for the project is complete and has been delivered to Tom Domagalski. Project results show that, in general, the LRFD Bridge Specification produces design values that are closer to actual behavior than those predicted by the LFD Specification. A full copy of the final report is available in electronic form by contact Brad Cross (bcross@siue.edu).						